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附件:

主旨:提供本署「藥品查驗登記電子通用技術文件驗證指引」 (草案)之補充資訊,請查照。

說明:

- 一、本署業於109年6月16日公布「藥品查驗登記電子通用技術 文件驗證(Validation Criterion)指引」(草案)。
- 二、補充提供依據(ICH eCTD Electronic Common Technical Document Specification V3.2.2) 擬定之「藥品查驗登記電子通用技術文件驗證(Validation Criterion)指引」(草案)英文原始檔案。
- 三、有關「藥品查驗登記電子通用技術文件驗證(Validation Criterion)指引」(草案)以及補充資訊,可至本署網頁下載:業務專區>藥品>新藥專區>新藥相關公告(網址:

http://www.fda.gov.tw/TC/siteList.aspx?sid=2984) •

正本:台灣醫藥品法規學會、中華民國學名藥協會、中華民國西藥商業同業公會全國聯合會、台灣研發型生技新藥發展協會、台北市西藥商業同業公會、台北市西藥代理商業同業公會、台灣藥品行銷暨管理協會、中華民國製藥發展協會、中華民國開發性製藥研究協會、中華民國西藥代理商業同業公會、臺灣製藥工業同業公會、台灣藥物臨床研究協會





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INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON HARMONISATION OF TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS FOR REGISTRATION OF PHARMACEUTICALS FOR HUMAN USE

ICH M2 EWG

Electronic Common Technical Document Specification

This specification has been developed by the ICH M2 Expert Working Group and maintained by the eCTD Implementation Working Group in accordance with the ICH Process as pertains to the M2 EWG and eCTD change control as it pertains to the eCTD IWG.

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ICH eCTD Specification

Introduction

The ICH M4 Expert Working Group (EWG) has defined the Common Technical Document (CTD). The ICH M2 EWG has defined, in the current document, the specification for the Electronic Common Technical Document (eCTD). The eCTD is defined as an interface for industry to agency transfer of regulatory information while at the same time taking into consideration the facilitation of the creation, review, life cycle management and archiving of the electronic submission. The eCTD specification lists the criteria that will make an electronic submission technically valid. The focus of the specification is to provide the ability to transfer the registration application electronically from industry to a regulatory authority. Industry to industry and agency to agency transfer is not addressed.

Background

The specification for the eCTD is based upon content defined within the CTD issued by the ICH M4 EWG. The CTD describes the organization of modules, sections and documents. The structure and level of detail specified in the CTD have been used as the basis for defining the eCTD structure and content but, where appropriate, additional details have been developed within the eCTD specification.

The philosophy of the eCTD is to use open standards. Open standards, including proprietary standards which through their widespread use can be considered *de facto* standards, are deemed to be appropriate in general.

Scope

The CTD as defined by the M4 EWG does not cover the full submission that is to be made in a region. It describes only modules 2 to 5, which are common across all regions. The CTD does not describe the content of module 1, the Regional Administrative Information and Prescribing Information, nor does it describe documents that can be submitted as amendments or variations to the initial application.

The value of producing a specification for the creation of an electronic submission based only upon the modules described in the CTD would be limited. Therefore, the M2 EWG has produced a specification for the eCTD that is applicable to all modules of initial registration applications and for other submissions of information throughout the life cycle of the product, such as variations and amendments.

This document describes the parts of the registration application that are common to all regions and some of the life cycle requirements for products. The parts of the registration application that are specific to a region will be covered by regional guidance. However, this backbone has been developed to handle both the regional and common parts of submissions.

Technical Requirements

The specification is designed to support high-level functional requirements such as the following:

- Copy and paste
- Viewing and printing of documents
- Annotation of documentation
- Facilitate the exporting of information to databases
- Searching within and across applications
- Navigation throughout the eCTD and its subsequent amendments/variations

Change Control

The specification for the eCTD is likely to change with time. Factors that could affect the content of the specification include, but are not limited to:

- Change in the content of the CTD, either through the amendment of information, at the same level of detail, or by provision of more detailed definition of content and structure
- Change to the regional requirements for applications that are outside the scope of the CTD
- Updating standards that are already in use within the eCTD
- Identification of new standards that provide additional value for the creation and/or usage of the eCTD
- Identification of new functional requirements
- Experience of use of the eCTD by all parties

Details of the change control management are described in an external ICH document.

Appendix 1: Overall Architecture

Guiding Design Principles

This appendix defines the basic principles that drove the design and architecture of the eCTD. Detailed specifications are defined in appendices 2 and 6.

Business Model

The business process to be supported can be described as follow:

The business process defines specific requirements for the message. The eCTD Specification currently provides only a transport mechanism for one-way traffic from applicant to agency.

The primary focus of the eCTD is to provide a data interchange message between industry and agencies. Industry initiates the process by creating the initial submission in terms of an electronic CTD. Throughout the life cycle of this process, additional information will be submitted to update or modify the information contained in the initial submission (e.g., supplement, amendment, variation.) The agency can submit acknowledgements, queries and requests to industry. These are considered simple messages using electronic mail or other transport formats. The overall architecture of the eCTD is designed to provide a commonly agreed upon submission and submission structure that imposes minimal restriction to the industry and agencies.

Modular Structure of the eCTD

The structure of the electronic submission in terms of organization and navigation should be consistent with the modular structure of the Common Technical Document. The goal of this design principle is to standardize the electronic format of the common parts of the eCTD.

XML Based eCTD

The XML eCTD DTD (Document Type Definition) defines the overall structure of the submission. The purpose of the XML backbone is two-fold: (1) to manage meta-data for the entire submission and each document within the submission and (2) to constitute a comprehensive table of contents and provide corresponding navigation aids. Meta-data on submission level include information about submitting and receiving organization, manufacturer, publisher, ID and kind of the submission, and related data items. Examples for meta-data on document level are versioning information, language, descriptive information such as document names and checksums. Details are defined in appendix 6.

The XML instance of any submission should be created and validated according to the XML eCTD DTD as defined in appendix 8.

The XML eCTD DTD describes the hierarchical structure according to the CTD as defined by the ICH M4 Expert Working Group. It includes multiple hierarchical levels depending on the specific module as defined in the CTD. The actual submission can include more hierarchical levels below those defined in the CTD. The XML eCTD instance covers the entire submission including all hierarchical levels and includes references to each individual file.

The submission should include a Stylesheet that supports presentation of the XML instance, navigation according to the table of contents, and provides access to all documents within the submission. A standard Stylesheet for viewing the eCTD submission is defined and provided by the ICH M2 EWG. Presentation and navigation via other Stylesheets on the receiving side should be possible. Consult regional authorities on the acceptability of submitting non-ICH stylesheets.

Multiple Region Support

The scope of each submission is global according to the Common Technical Document, meaning that modules 2 through 5 of a submission are intended for all regions with the exception of selected documents (e.g., in the quality module), which have a regional scope. Module 1 of a submission is regional in nature.

The DTD as defined by the ICH M2 expert working group specifies the structure of the common parts of the eCTD primarily focusing on module 2 through 5. It enables linking to regional XML index files for module 1 which will be defined by the authorities in each region. Due to the significant differences in documentation requirements across regions it is not expected that a single, global eCTD submission could be constructed and transmitted to multiple regions with each regional authority ignoring or deleting other regions' submission material.

Life Cycle Management

The applicant creates a submission that is stored in a local repository. The applicant submits the initial submission to the agency, which imports the submission into another local repository. The nature and kind of the local repositories is not within the scope of the eCTD. The initial submission should be self-contained, meaning that it includes all documents and no references to other submissions. Regional guidance should be consulted if references to other submissions are needed.

Following the initial submission, the applicant can submit incremental updates such as amendments and variations. Updates can refer to documents in the previous submissions. Updates should be designed in a way that they can be loaded into the repository by fully preserving the initial or previous submission via version control. The XML backbone should include meta-data identifying the update and providing navigation aids to filter for different submission types.

It is preferred that when a Common Technical Document is submitted electronically, the entire submission be in electronic form with the exception of certain regional forms that currently require written signatures. See appendix 5 for regional requirements. See appendix 6 for a description of how to submit a CTD containing both paper and electronic components.

Appendix 2: The eCTD Submission

Introduction

This appendix specifies the Information Technology aspect of the eCTD submission. Informally, the eCTD submission is a directory structure with files including the XML eCTD instance, reports, data and other submission information. The eCTD submission supports multilingual and multi-region aspects.

The eCTD Submission

An eCTD submission is a collection of data objects that follows the eCTD specification. The main
function of the eCTD submission is data exchange. Information systems would need to be developed to
process the eCTD submission. The biggest benefits are expected when the eCTD submission is loaded
into an information system that supports the review process. However, one can view an eCTD
submission with a Web browser as it is Web ready.

The eCTD submission is composed of the following:

- Directory structure
- XML eCTD instance
- Content files

Directory Structure

The directory structure is a structure of directories and files. There should be a reasonable maximum number of entries (directories and files) per directory. The directory structure should follow the rules below. The files could be in several formats as specified below.

The name of the files and directories are identifiers. They should be short. The file names are not intended to convey meta-data, though some meaning in the names helps (i.e., no random names.)

Recommended, but optional, names for directories and files are provided in Appendix 4. Any directory names and file names that are added to the eCTD submission by the applicant should be descriptive, logical and brief.

XML eCTD Instance

The instance is in the submission sequence number directory (see appendix 6). The submission sequence number directory should contain at least two files and one or more directories. One of the files in the submission sequence directory should be the instance and the other should be the MD5 checksum of the instance. The instance is the starting file for the processing by an XML processor.

The intention is to have links from the leaf elements of the instance to the files in the eCTD submission as opposed to creating a single XML document that contains the entire eCTD submission. The instance also contains meta-data at the leaf level.

eCTD Template

The ICH Web site (http://estri.ich.org/eCTD) includes an empty eCTD folder template as an example of an eCTD submission folder structure. It shows all of the possible Module 2-5 folders as defined in Appendix 4 and can be populated with the applicant data and edited as appropriate (i.e., adding additional subfolders or removing unnecessary folders). The applicant should still add the relevant regional Module 1 folders and content, add the appropriate utility folders and content, and create the XML index files to complete a valid eCTD submission.

Formats

Formats should be readable at least for as long as it is needed for the regulatory process. This process could be very long (e.g., 50 years). This points to the advantage of neutral formats: formal standard, industrial

standard, vendor independent, and text-like. The format should be adapted to the type of data. Appendix 7 describes the way in which these files should be constructed.

The list of agreed to formats will be updated as technology evolves and new requirements arise. XML will be the preferred format for all types of data.

Common Formats

The common formats that can be included in an eCTD submission are:

- Narrative: Portable Document Format (PDF)
- Structured: Extensible Markup Language (XML)
- Graphic: Whenever possible, use PDF. When appropriate or when PDF is not possible, use Joint
 Photographic Experts Group (JPEG), Portable Network Graphics (PNG), Scalable Vector Graphics
 (SVG), and Graphics Interchange Format (GIF). Special formats for very high resolutions could be
 appropriate on a case-by-case basis.

Regional Use of Other Formats

Regulatory authorities and applicants could agree to use other formats regionally (i.e., non-common formats or uses of the common formats in a different way from above). The use of other formats is discouraged and the intention is to use as much as possible the common formats. The intention of the use of other formats is for transition.

There are two classes of transitions:

- Legacy Transition: from the past to the present (i.e., old formats to present formats.)
- Future Transition: from the present to the future (i.e., from present formats to new formats.) The new formats would normally be candidates for common formats.

Links

CTD cross-references can be supported in the eCTD through the use of hyperlinks. Links among objects in the eCTD submission should be relative. The intention is to make the eCTD submission self-contained. All literature references introduced by the applicant should be included in the submission.

One can always point to a file. The capacity to point to a specific location within a file depends on the linking technology. Different formats allow for the use of different linking technology. See Appendix 7.

Presentation

Presentation is closely associated with formats. To associate a Stylesheet with a file usually one has to use a linking technology. The linking between Stylesheet (which could be in a separate file) and a data file should be relative. In addition, there is the dimension of media. One file could have several Stylesheets; the one used depends on the media. For example, there could be one presentation for the screen and another for paper.

Checksums

The eCTD submission should contain checksums for each individual file including a checksum file for the eCTD XML instance. Initially, the MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm (MD5) should be used for this purpose. Including a checksum for each individual file provides a number of benefits including:

- The integrity of each file can be verified by comparing the checksum submitted with the file and the computed checksum.
- The checksum can be used to verify that the file has not been altered in the historical archive of the regulatory authority. This is especially useful as the files are migrated from one storage medium to another, as in the case of backup to magnetic tape storage.

Element to File Directory Mapping

The following rules are recommended:

- The rules below for the file and directories take precedence.
- Add the corresponding extension to the file.
- If appropriate, use a reasonable abbreviation.

File Extension

All files should have one and only one file extension. The file extension should be used to indicate the format of the file. For example:

hello.pdf	PDF
hello.rtf	RTF

The mapping between formats and extensions are:

IANA nomenclature

text/css CSS text/html html or htm text/xml xml application/pdf pdf application/rtf rtf application/vnd.ms-excel xls image/jpeg jpg image/png png image/gif gif

Non IANA nomenclature

DTD dtd XPT (SAS) xpt XSL xsl

The eCTD submission could use formats not registered with the Internet Assigned Numbers Authority (IANA).

The presence of a format in this list does not imply that it would be considered an acceptable format. For formats absent from this list, widely used mapping between the formats and the extensions should be used.

Future direction: if a mechanism (e.g., standard) becomes available that associates the formats with file extension, it should be considered for this specification.

Name

Name is a token composed of the following characters:

- Letters "a" to "z" [U+0061 to U+007A].
- Digits "0" to "9" [U+0030 to U+0039].
- "-" [HYPHEN-MINUS, U+002D].

The notation "U+" refers to the Unicode [UNICODE] notation.

This Specification does not provide for Japanese characters in file and folder names.

Examples of correct names (only the name without the extension): part-b

myfile hello

Examples of incorrect names (only the name without the extension):

```
part a (' '; SPACE is not allowed)
```

```
myfile.xml ('.'; FULL STOP is not allowed)
hello:pdf (':'; COLON is not allowed)
part_a ('_', LOW LINE is not allowed)
Parta (UPPERCASE is not allowed)
```

Directory name is a name.

File name is one name followed by one name separated by a '.' (FULL STOP, U+002E).

Correct file names (with the extension):

myfile.pdf hello.cml

Incorrect file names (with the extension)::
a part.pdf (''; SPACE is not allowed)
hello (missing extension)

hello:xml (':'; COLON is not allowed)

The maximum length of the name of a single folder or file is 64 characters including the extension. Only lower case letters should be used in all file and directory names. The maximum length of a path is 230 characters, including file name, and extension. This allows regulators 26 characters to add to the path in their review environments. Consult regional guidance for further restrictions on the maximum path length. If the path exceeds the 230 character limit or the regionally-defined limit, then folder and file names created by the applicant should be abbreviated. If further reduction is still called for, the file and folder names recommended in Appendix 4 should be abbreviated. Applicants should also consult regional media formats and M2 EWG recommendations for possible folder limits imposed by the media.

Document name is the first name in the file name. For example, "docname" in the file name "docname.ext".

Character encoding

The character encoding (charset) in order of preference is:

- Unicode UTF-8, Unicode 16 bits [ISO-10646].
- ISO-8859-1 (Latin-1) or appropriate ISO-8859-x; e.g., ISO-8859-7 for Greek.
- The appropriate SHIFT JIS.
- Other character encoding agreed upon regionally by the regulatory authority and applicant.

References

[CML] Chemical Markup Language http://cml.sourceforge.net

[CSS2] Cascading Style Sheets, level 2 http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-CSS2

[ECMAScript] *ECMAScript Language Specification*, 3rd edition. ECMA- 262 http://www.ecma-international.org/publications/standards/Ecma-262.htm

[EXCEL] Microsoft Excel

http://www.microsoft.com/office/excel/default.htm

[GIF] Graphics Interchange Format http://tronche.com/computer-graphics/gif/gif89a.html

[HTML] *HTML 4.01 Specification* http://www.w3.org/TR/html4

[IANA] Internet Assigned Numbers Authority http://www.iana.org

[IMT] Internet Media Types http://www.iana.org/assignments/media-types/

[ISO-10646] Information Technology -- Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) -- Part 1: Architecture and Basic Multilingual Plane, ISO/IEC 10646-1:1993

[ISO-639] *Codes for the representation of names of languages* ISO 639:1988.

http://www.oasis-open.org/cover/iso639a.html

[JPEG] Joint Photographic Experts Group http://www.jpeg.org/public/wg1n1807.txt

[MD5] *The MD5 Message-Digest Algorithm* http://ietf.org/rfc/rfc1321.txt

[PDF] *Portable Document Format* http://www.adobe.com/devnet/pdf/pdf_reference.html

[PNG] PNG (Portable Network Graphics) Specification Version 1.0 http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-png.html

[RTF] *Rich Text Format (RTF) Specification, version 1.6* http://msdn.microsoft.com/library/specs/rtfspec.htm

[SVG] *Scalable Vector Graphics (SVG) 1.0 Specification* (work in progress) http://www.w3.org/TR/1999/WD-SVG-19991203

[UNICODE] Unicode Consortium http://www.unicode.org

[XHTML] XHTML 1.0: The Extensible HyperText Markup Language http://www.w3.org/TR/WD-html-in-xml

[XML] Extensible Markup Language (XML) 1.0 (Second Edition) http://www.w3.org/TR/REC-xml.html

[XSL] Extensible Stylesheet Language (XSL) Version 1.0 W3C Recommendation 15 October 2001 http://www.w3.org/TR/WD-xsl

[XSLT] *XSL Transformations* http://www.w3.org/TR/xslt.html

Appendix 3: General Considerations for the CTD Modules

Introduction

Documents that are provided in the different modules should be formatted as defined by the ICH Common Technical Document. There should also be consistency in the way navigational aids are provided. Within each document, bookmarks and hypertext links from the table of contents should be provided to all tables, figures, publications, and appendices.

Hypertext links should be provided throughout the body of these documents to aid efficient navigation to annotations, related sections, publications, appendices, tables, and figures that are not located on the same page. CTD cross-references can be supported in the eCTD through the use of hyperlinks. If a list of references is included at the end of a document, there should be hypertext links to the appropriate publication.

Documents should be generated from electronic source documents and not from scanned material, except where access to the source electronic file is unavailable or where a signature is called for.

Folder and File Naming Conventions

Recommended, but optional, folder and file names are presented in this specification. These could be used in most cases, however applicants can modify this specification where appropriate. For example, it is generally acceptable to include an additional folder for information where an appropriate folder name is unavailable in the eCTD specification or to provide for additional file organization where the recommended foldering is inadequate. It is recommended that applicants maintain folder names listed in this specification. This should not be interpreted to mean that the actual eCTD XML DTD should be changed or altered in any way.

The maximum length of the name of a single folder or file is 64 characters including the extension. Folder or file names should be written in lower case only. All files should have one and only one file extension. The file extension should be used to indicate the format of the file. More details on the naming conventions are given in Appendix 2, and examples in Appendix 4.

Filenames provided in the eCTD are optional. To assist the reviewer when several similar files are open at the same time, it can be appropriate to consider alternative naming conventions that could provide unique, understandable filenames. The general provisions for naming of files are in Appendix 2 of the Specification.

Typically, the file name would be the applicant's internal numbering or naming convention for the studies. The following table gives an example of how files could be named.

_

¹ Regulatory authorities should be notified of additions and changes to the folder structure according to regional guidance.

Table 3-1

Description	File Name
Study Report 1	study-report-1.pdf
Study Report 2	study-report-2.pdf
Study Report n	study-report-n.pdf

Screenshots and Folder Hierarchy

Screenshots are provided in the following chapters for all modules down to the level of hierarchy as described in this appendix. The representation in module 3 is in alphabetical order due to the nature of the computer operating system and is therefore not entirely consistent with the sequence of the CTD. In a Web browser the content will appear in the order of the CTD table of contents.

Detailed options on the folders and files are provided in Appendix 4 in case the applicant chooses to submit more granular documents. It is not mandatory to use the full folder hierarchy. Empty directories can be omitted; however, when the content is expected, justification should be provided as to why it is missing in accordance with regional guidance.

Module 1 Administrative Information and Prescribing Information

The name of the folder for module 1 should be m1.

This module contains administrative information that is unique for each region. Regional guidance will provide the specific instructions on how to provide the administrative forms and detailed prescribing information. Please refer to Appendix 5 when preparing module 1.

Module 2 Summaries

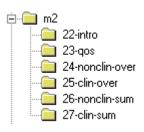
The files in this module should be provided as PDF text with the exception of a few embedded images, when needed. The name of the folder for module 2 should be m2. The folders in module 2 should be named as follows but can be further reduced or omitted to minimize path length issues.

Table 3-2

Tuble 5 =		
Section in CTD	Description	Folder Name
2.2	Introduction	22-intro
2.3	Quality overall summary	23-qos
2.4	Nonclinical Overview	24-nonclin-over
2.5	Clinical Overview	25-clin-over
2.6	Nonclinical Written and Tabulated Summaries	26-nonclin-sum
2.7	Clinical summary	27-clin-sum

A representative folder hierarchy for module 2 is presented in the screenshot in figure 3-1.

Figure 3-1 Screenshot representation of the folder structure of module 2



Module 3 Quality

The name of the folder for module 3 should be m3. The folders in module 3 should be named as follows but can be further reduced or omitted to minimize path length issues.

Table 3-3

Table 3-3		
Section in CTD	Description	Folder Name
3.2	Body of Data	32-body-data
3.2.S	Drug Substance	32s-drug-sub
3.2.S	Drug Substance [Drug Substance Name] [Manufacturer] ²	substance-1-manufacturer-1
3.2.S.1	General Information (name, manufacturer)	32s1-gen-info
3.2.S.2	Manufacture (name, manufacturer)	32s2-manuf
3.2.S.3	Characterisation (name, manufacturer)	32s3-charac
3.2.S.4	Control of Drug Substance (name, manufacturer)	32s4-contr-drug-sub
3.2.S.4.1	Specification (name, manufacturer)	32s41-spec
3.2.S.4.2	Analytical Procedures (name, manufacturer)	32s42- analyt-proc
3.2.S.4.3	Validation of Analytical Procedures (name, manufacturer)	32s43-val-analyt-proc
3.2.S.4.4	Batch Analyses (name, manufacturer)	32s44-batch-analys
3.2.S.4.5	Justification of Specification (name, manufacturer)	32s45-justif-spec
3.2.S.5	Reference Standards or Materials (name, manufacturer)	32s5-ref-stand
3.2.S.6	Container Closure System (name, manufacturer)	32s6-cont-closure-sys
3.2.S.7	Stability (name, manufacturer)	32s7-stab
3.2.P	Drug Product (name, dosage form) ³	32p-drug-prod
3.2.P	Drug Product (name, dosage form) - Name	product-1
3.2.P.1	Description and Composition of the Drug Product (name, dosage form)	32p1-desc-comp
3.2.P.2	Pharmaceutical Development (name, dosage form)	32p2-pharm-dev

²Each drug substance-manufacturer should be placed in a separate subordinate folder. Folders and files should be created for each drug substance-manufacturer section included in the submission in accordance with the hierarchy identified in the following chapters.

³ Each drug product should be placed in a separate subordinate folder. Folders and files should be created for each drug product section included in the submission in accordance with the hierarchy identified in the following chapters. Reference should be made to regional guidance to determine whether the inclusion of multiple products within a single application is considered appropriate.

Section in CTD	Description	Folder Name
3.2.P.3	Manufacture (name, dosage form)	32p3-manuf
3.2.P.4	Control of Excipients (name, dosage form)	32p4-contr-excip
3.2.P.4	Control of Excipients (name, dosage form) - Excipient 1	excipient-1
3.2.P.5	Control of Drug Product (name, dosage form)	32p5-contr-drug-prod
3.2.P.5.1	Specification(s) (name, dosage form)	32p51-spec
3.2.P.5.2	Analytical Procedures (name, dosage form)	32p52-analyt-proc
3.2.P.5.3	Validation of Analytical Procedures (name, dosage form)	32p53-val-analyt-proc
3.2.P.5.4	Batch Analyses (name, dosage form)	32p54-batch-analys
3.2.P.5.5	Characterisation of Impurities (name, dosage form)	32p55-charac-imp
3.2.P.5.6	Justification of Specifications (name, dosage form)	32p56-justif-spec
3.2.P.6	Reference Standards or Materials (name, dosage form)	32p6-ref-stand
3.2.P.7	Container Closure System (name, dosage form)	32p7-cont-closure-sys
3.2.P.8	Stability (name, dosage form)	32p8-stab
3.2.A	Appendices	32a-app
3.2.A.1	Facilities and Equipment (name, manufacturer)	32a1-fac-equip
3.2.A.2	Adventitious Agents Safety Evaluation (name, dosage form, manufacturer)	32a2-advent-agent
3.2.A.3	Excipients- Name 4	32a3-excip-name-1
3.2.R	Regional Information ⁵	32r-reg-info
3.3	Literature References	33-lit-ref

⁴ The folder name should include the name of the excipient, abbreviated as necessary to remain within the 64 character limit.
⁵ This folder should be included where regional information is appropriate. Reference should be made to regional guidance for the types of information to be included in this section.

🚊 🦲 32-body-data 🖹 🥘 32a-app ·间 32a1-fac-equip 32a2-advent-agent 32a3-excip-name-1 🚊 🥘 32p-drug-prod □ product-1 - 🚞 32p1-desc-comp 32p2-pharm-dev 32p3-manuf 🚊 🧰 32p4-contr-excip excipient-1 - 32p51-speci 32p52-analyt-proc 32p53-val-analyt-proc 32p54-batch-analys 32p55-charac-imp 32p56-justif-speci 32p6-ref-stand 32p7-cont-closure-sys 32p8-stab 32r-reg-info 🚊 🥘 32s-drug-sub 🚊 🦲 substance-1-manufacturer-1 -- 🛅 32s1-gen-info · 🚞 32s2-manuf 32s3-charac 🚊 🦲 32s4-contr-drug-sub - 🚞 32s41-spec 32s42-analyt-proc 32s43-val-analyt-proc 32s44-batch-analys 32s45-justif-speci 32s5-ref-stand 32s6-cont-closure-sys 🛅 32s7-stab 33-lit-ref

Figure 3-2 Screenshot representation of the folder structure of module 3

Module 4 Nonclinical Study Reports

The name of the folder for module 4 should be m4. The folders in module 4 should be named as follows but can be further reduced or omitted to minimize path length issues.

Table 3-4

Section in CTD	Description	Folder Name
4.2	Study Reports	42-stud-rep
4.2.1	Pharmacology	421-pharmacol
4.2.1.1	Primary Pharmacodynamics	4211-prim-pd
4.2.1.2	Secondary Pharmacodynamics	4212-sec-pd
4.2.1.3	Safety Pharmacology	4213-safety-pharmacol
4.2.1.4	Pharmacodynamic Drug Interactions	4214-pd-drug-interact
4.2.2	Pharmacokinetics	422-pk
4.2.2.1	Analytical Methods and Validation Reports (if separate reports are available)	4221-analyt-met-val
4.2.2.2	Absorption	4222-absorp
4.2.2.3	Distribution	4223-distrib
4.2.2.4	Metabolism	4224-metab
4.2.2.5	Excretion	4225-excr
4.2.2.6	Pharmacokinetic Drug Interactions (nonclinical)	4226-pk-drug-interact
4.2.2.7	Other Pharmacokinetic Studies	4227-other-pk-stud
4.2.3	Toxicology	423-tox
4.2.3.1	Single-Dose Toxicity (in order by species, by route)	4231-single-dose-tox
4.2.3.2	Repeat-Dose Toxicity (in order by species, by route, by duration, including supportive toxicokinetics evaluations)	4232-repeat-dose-tox
4.2.3.3	Genotoxicity	4233-genotox
4.2.3.3.1	In vitro	42331-in-vitro
4.2.3.3.2	In vivo (including supportive toxicokinetics evaluations)	42332-in-vivo
4.2.3.4	Carcinogenicity (including supportive toxicokinetics evaluations)	4234-carcigen
4.2.3.4.1	Long-term studies (in order by species, including range-finding studies that cannot be appropriately included under repeat-dose toxicity or pharmacokinetics)	42341-lt-stud

Section in CTD	Description	Folder Name
4.2.3.4.2	Short-or medium-term studies (including range- finding studies that cannot be appropriately included under repeat-dose toxicity or pharmacokinetics)	42342-smt-stud
4.2.3.4.3	Other studies	42343-other-stud
4.2.3.5	Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity (including range-finding studies and supportive toxicokinetics evaluations)	4235-repro-dev-tox
4.2.3.5.1	Fertility and early embryonic development	42351-fert-embryo-dev
4.2.3.5.2	Embryo-fetal development	42352-embryo-fetal-dev
4.2.3.5.3	Prenatal and postnatal development, including maternal function	42353-pre-postnatal-dev
4.2.3.5.4	Studies in which the offspring (juvenile animals) are dosed and/or further evaluated	42354-juv
4.2.3.6	Local Tolerance	4236-loc-tol
4.2.3.7	Other Toxicity Studies (if available)	4237-other-tox-stud
4.2.3.7.1	Antigenicity	42371-antigen
4.2.3.7.2	Immunotoxicity	42372-immunotox
4.2.3.7.3	Mechanistic studies (if not included elsewhere)	42373-mechan-stud
4.2.3.7.4	Dependence	42374-dep
4.2.3.7.5	Metabolites	42375-metab
4.2.3.7.6	Impurities	42376-imp
4.2.3.7.7	Other	42377-other
4.3	Literature References	43-lit-ref

A representative folder hierarchy for module 4 is presented in the screenshot in figure 3-3.

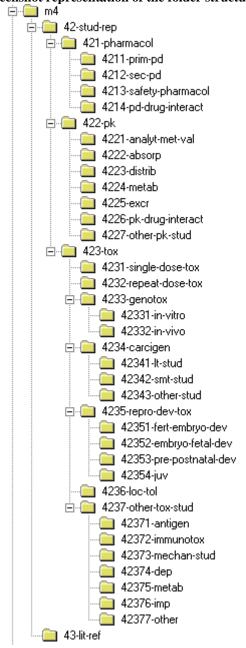


Figure 3-3 Screenshot representation of the folder structure of module 4

Module 5 Clinical Study Reports

The name of the folder for module 5 should be m5. The folders in module 5 should be named as follows but can be further reduced or omitted to minimize path length issues.

Table 3-5

Section in CTD	Description	Folder Name
5.2	Tabular Listing of all Clinical Studies	52-tab-list
5.3	Clinical Study Reports	53-clin-stud-rep
5.3.1	Reports of Biopharmaceutic Studies	531-rep-biopharm-stud
5.3.1.1	Bioavailability (BA) Study Reports	5311-ba-stud-rep
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.1.2	Comparative BA and Bioequivalence (BE) Study Reports	5312-compar-ba-be-stud-rep
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.1.3	In vitro – In vivo Correlation Study Reports	5313-in-vitro-in-vivo-corr-stud-rep
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.1.4	Reports of Bioanalytical and Analytical Methods for Human Studies	5314-bioanalyt-analyt-met
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.2	Reports of Studies Pertinent to Pharmacokinetics using Human Biomaterials	532-rep-stud-pk-human-biomat
5.3.2.1	Plasma Protein Binding Study Reports	5321-plasma-prot-bind-stud-rep
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3

Section in CTD	Description	Folder Name
5.3.2.2	Reports of Hepatic Metabolism and Drug Interaction Studies	5322-rep-hep-metab-interact-stud
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.2.3	Reports of Studies Using Other Human Biomaterials	5323-stud-other-human-biomat
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.3	Reports of Human Pharmacokinetic (PK) Studies	533-rep-human-pk-stud
5.3.3.1	Healthy Subject PK and Initial Tolerability Study Reports	5331-healthy-subj-pk-init-tol-stud-rep
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.3.2	Patient PK and Initial Tolerability Study Reports	5332-patient-pk-init-tol-stud-rep
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.3.3	Intrinsic Factor PK Study Reports	5333-intrin-factor-pk-stud-rep
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.3.4	Extrinsic Factor PK Study Reports	5334-extrin-factor-pk-stud-rep
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.3.5	Population PK Study Reports	5335-popul-pk-stud-rep
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1

Section in CTD	Description	Folder Name
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.4	Reports of Human Pharmacodynamic (PD) Studies	534-rep-human-pd-stud
5.3.4.1	Healthy Subject PD and PK/PD Study Reports	5341-healthy-subj-pd-stud-rep
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.4.2	Patient PD and PK/PD Study Reports	5342-patient-pd-stud-rep
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.5	Reports of Efficacy and Safety Studies	535-rep-effic-safety-stud
5.3.5	Reports of Efficacy and Safety Studies – Indication Name	indication-1
5.3.5.1	Study Reports of Controlled Clinical Studies Pertinent to the Claimed Indication	5351-stud-rep-contr
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.5.2	Study Reports of Uncontrolled Clinical Studies	5352-stud-rep-uncontr
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.5.3	Reports of Analyses of Data from More than One Study	5353-rep-analys-data-more-one-stud
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.5.4	Other Study Reports	5354-other-stud-rep
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1

Section in CTD	Description	Folder Name
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.3.6	Reports of Postmarketing Experience	536-postmark-exp
5.3.7	Case Report Forms and Individual Patient Listings $^{\delta}$	537-crf-ipl
	"Study Report 1"	study-report-1
	"Study Report 2"	study-report-2
	"Study Report 3"	study-report-3
5.4	Literature References	54-lit-ref

The CTD organization provides locations for case report forms and individual patient data listings in Module 5.3.7 and for literature references in Module 5.4.

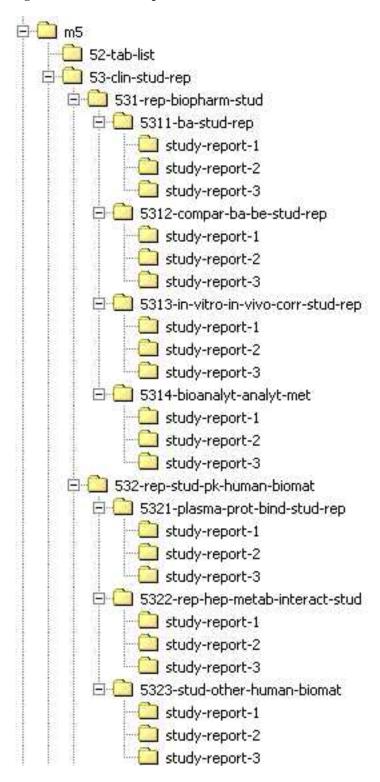
In the eCTD, files for publications and literature references should be located in the folder for Module 5.4. However, in the index.xml file the leaf elements for these publications and literature references should be included under the same heading as the other study report files with additional information included through use of the study tagging file, if applicable in that region. In addition, a repeat of the leaf element should be placed under the heading for 5.4 Literature References.

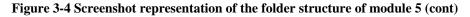
Case report forms, data sets and individual patient data listings should be organized according to regional guidance.

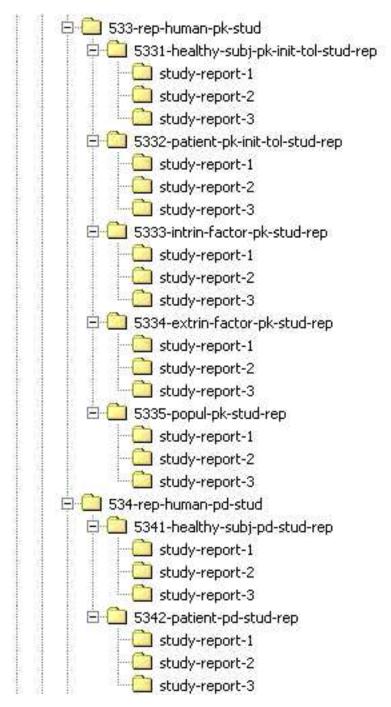
⁶ The content of this folder should follow regional guidance.

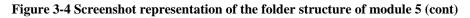
A representative folder hierarchy for module 5 is presented in the screenshot in figure 3-4.

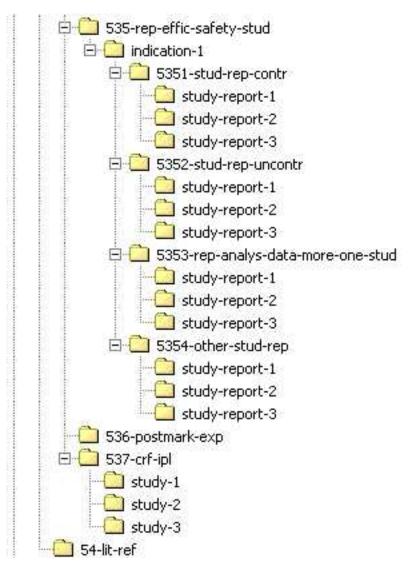
Figure 3-4 Screenshot representation of the folder structure of module 5











Appendix 4: File Organization for the eCTD

Each item in the file organization table that is listed in this appendix includes the information outlined below:

Sequential		Each item in the table has a unique sequentially assigned reference number. These reference numbers can
number	change with each version of this appendix.	
	Number	CTD section number
	Title	CTD title
	Element	Element name in the Backbone
	File/Directory	Relative path of the File/Directory. The file extension corresponds to the file type; i.e., the "pdf" extension is
		only illustrative. Refer to Table 6.1, Appendix 6, for details for the head of the path name
	Comment	Comments

The file organization table covers files that constitute the backbone itself plus any additional files to make the submission complete, readable and processable. The file and folder names shown within modules 2-5 are not mandatory, but recommended, and can be further reduced or omitted to avoid path length issues. Refer to the M4 Organisation Document: Granularity Annex in the ICH guidance on 'Organisation of the Common Technical Document for the Registration of Pharmaceuticals for Human Use' for information on where multiple documents/files are appropriate in each section of the eCTD. This describes what is considered to be the appropriate granularity for each section of the CTD and hence the eCTD. Where there is no definition provided in the organisation document, applicants are free to construct the dossier as they see fit with respect to document granularity.

Where file and folder names are presented in italics applicants would substitute these with appropriate file names in accordance with their own naming conventions.

Table 4-1

	Number	
	Title	
1	Element	
	File	index.xml
	Comment	This is the Backbone
	Number	
	Title	
2	Element	
	File	index-md5.txt
	Comment	The MD5 of the Backbone

	Number	1
3	Title	Administrative Information and Prescribing Information
	Element	m1-administrative-information-and-prescribing-information
	Directory	m1
	Comment	Only one of the regional directories is needed
	Number	
	Title	
4	Element	
	Directory	m1/eu
	Comment	EU directory: In addition to the appropriate regional documents, the regional xml instance should be located in this folder. Refer to regional guidance for details
	Number	
	Title	
5	Element	
3	Directory	m1/jp
	Comment	Japan directory: In addition to the appropriate regional documents, the regional xml instance should be located in this folder. Refer to regional guidance for details
	Number	
	Title	
6	Element	
U	Directory	m1/us
		US directory: In addition to the appropriate regional documents, the regional xml instance should be located in this folder. Refer to regional
		guidance for details
	Number	
	Title	
7	Element	
	Directory	m1/xx
	Comment	xx directory; where xx is a two character country code from ISO-3166-1. In addition to the appropriate regional documents, the regional xml instance should be located in this folder. Refer to regional guidance for details

	Number	2
8	Title	Common Technical Document Summaries
	Element	m2-common-technical-document-summaries
	Directory	m2
	Comment	
9	Number	2.2
	Title	Introduction
	Element	m2-2-introduction
	Directory	m2/22-intro
	Comment	
	Number	2.2
	Title	Introduction
10	Element	m2-2-introduction
	File	m2/22-intro/introduction.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	2.3
	Title	Quality Overall Summary
11	Element	m2-3-quality-overall-summary
1.1	Directory	m2/23-qos
	Comment	Refer to the Granularity Annex of the M4 Organisation Document for guidance on the flexibility of multiple documents for the Quality Overall Summary
	Number	2.3
	Title	Introduction
12	Element	m2-3-introduction
	File	m2/23-qos/introduction.pdf
	Comment	
13	Number	2.3.S
	Title	Drug Substance - Name - Manufacturer
	Element	m2-3-s-drug-substance
	File	m2/23-qos/drug-substance.pdf

	Refer to the Granularity Annex of the M4 Organisation Document for guidance on the flexibility of multiple documents for the Comment Overall Summary		
		Where there are more than one drug substance and/or manufacturer, separate files can be provided for each.	
	Number	2.3.P	
	Title	Drug Product -Name	
	Element	m2-3-p-drug-product	
	File	m2/23-qos/drug-product- <i>name</i> .pdf	
	Comment	Refer to the Granularity Annex of the M4 Organisation Document for guidance on the flexibility of multiple documents for the Quality	
		Overall Summary	
	Comment	Refer to regional guidance for definition of what constitutes a drug product and the acceptability of more than one drug product in an	
		application. Where more than one drug product is acceptable in an application, a separate file can be provided for each drug product.	
	Number	2.3.A	
	Title	Appendices	
15	Element	m2-3-a-appendices	
10	File	m2/23-qos/appendices.pdf	
	Comment	Refer to the Granularity Annex of the M4 Organisation Document for guidance on the flexibility of multiple documents for the Quality	
	Comment	Overall Summary	
	Number	2.3.R	
	Title	Regional Information	
16	Element	m2-3-r-regional-information	
10	File	m2/23-qos/regional-information.pdf	
	Comment	Refer to the Granularity Annex of the M4 Organisation Document for guidance on the flexibility of multiple documents for the Quality Overall Summary	
	Number	2.4	
	Title	Nonclinical Overview	
17	Element	m2-4-nonclinical-overview	
	Directory	m2/24-nonclin-over	
	Comment		
	Number	2.4	
	Title	Nonclinical Overview	
1.0	Element	m2-4-nonclinical-overview	
18	File	m2/24-nonclin-over/nonclinical-overview.pdf	
	Comment	Typically, this document should consist of a single file. The CTD defines further heading levels and navigation should be provided within the document to these sub-headings.	

19	Number	2.5
	Title	Clinical Overview
	Element	m2-5-clinical-overview
	Directory	m2/25-clin-over
	Comment	
	Number	2.5
	Title	Clinical Overview
20	Element	m2-5-clinical-overview
20	File	m2/25-clin-over/clinical-overview.pdf
	Comment	Typically, this document should consist of a single file. The CTD defines further heading levels and navigation should be provided within the document to these sub-headings.
	Number	2.6
	Title	Nonclinical Written and Tabulated Summaries
21	Element	m2-6-nonclinical-written-and-tabulated-summaries
	Directory	m2/26-nonclin-sum
	Comment	
	Number	2.6.1
	Title	Introduction
22		m2-6-1-introduction
	File	m2/26-nonclin-sum/introduction.pdf
	Comment	
		2.6.2
		Pharmacology Written Summary
23	Element	m2-6-2-pharmacology-written-summary
23	File	m2/26-nonclin-sum/pharmacol-written-summary.pdf
	Comment	Typically, this document should consist of a single file. The CTD defines further heading levels and navigation should be provided within
		the document to these sub-headings.
		2.6.3
	Title	Pharmacology Tabulated Summary
24	Element	m2-6-3-pharmacology-tabulated-summary
	File	m2/26-nonclin-sum/pharmacol-tabulated-summary.pdf
		Should have further navigation via bookmarks
25	Number	2.6.4

	Title	Pharmacokinetics Written Summary
	Element	m2-6-4-pharmacokinetics-written-summary
	File	m2/26-nonclin-sum/pharmkin-written-summary.pdf
	Comment	Typically, this document should consist of a single file. The CTD defines further heading levels and navigation should be provided within the document to these sub-headings.
	Number	2.6.5
	Title	Pharmacokinetics Tabulated Summary
26	Element	m2-6-5-pharmacokinetics-tabulated-summary
	File	m2/26-nonclin-sum/pharmkin-tabulated-summary.pdf
	Comment	Should have further navigation via bookmarks
	Number	2.6.6
	Title	Toxicology Written Summary
27	Element	m2-6-6-toxicology-written-summary
21	File	m2/26-nonclin-sum/toxicology-written-summary.pdf
	Comment	Typically, this document should consist of a single file. The CTD defines further heading levels and navigation should be provided within
	Comment	the document to these sub-headings.
	Number	2.6.7
	Title	Toxicology Tabulated Summary
28	Element	m2-6-7-toxicology-tabulated-summary
	File	m2/26-nonclin-sum/toxicology-tabulated-summary.pdf
	Comment	Should have further navigation via bookmarks
	Number	2.7
	Title	Clinical Summary
29	Element	m2-7-clinical-summary
	Directory	m2/27-clin-sum
	Comment	
	Number	2.7.1
	Title	Summary of Biopharmaceutic Studies and Associated Analytical Methods
30	Element	m2-7-1-summary-of-biopharmaceutic-studies-and-associated-analytical-methods
30	File	m2/27-clin-sum/summary-biopharm.pdf
	Comment	Typically, this document should consist of a single file. The CTD defines further heading levels and navigation should be provided within
		the document to these sub-headings.
31	Number	2.7.2
	Title	Summary of Clinical Pharmacology Studies

	Element	m2-7-2-summary-of-clinical-pharmacology-studies
	File	m2/27-clin-sum/summary-clin-pharm.pdf
	Comment	Typically, this document should consist of a single file. The CTD defines further heading levels and navigation should be provided within the document to these sub-headings.
	Number	2.7.3
	Title	Summary of Clinical Efficacy – <i>Indication</i>
	Element	m2-7-3-summary-of-clinical-efficacy
	File	m2/27-clin-sum/summary-clin-efficacy-indication.pdf
32	Comment	The file name should always include the indication being claimed (abbreviated if appropriate) e.g., 'summary-clin-efficacy-asthma.pdf'. Where there is more than one indication (e.g., asthma & migraine) then the first indication has a file name 'summary-clin-efficacy-asthma.pdf' and the second 'summary-clin-efficacy-migraine.pdf'. Typically, this document should consist of a single file. The CTD defines further heading levels and navigation should be provided within the document to these sub-headings. The 'indication' attribute in the backbone should be consistent with that used in the filename but can be different. For example, an 'indication' attribute value of 'Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer' could be expressed as 'NSCLC' in the filename for that document (i.e., summclineff-nsclc.pdf). There is currently no standard terminology list for 'indication' and applicants should choose these attributes carefully as they can not be easily changed during the life cycle of the application. The only way this can be accomplished currently is to delete all the leaf elements with the incorrect attribute value and provide new leaf elements for those files with the modified attribute value. Applicants should consult with the regional authority before attempting to modify these attributes to discuss the appropriateness of, and approach to be taken for, this type of change.
	Number	2.7.4
	Title	Summary of Clinical Safety
33	Element	m2-7-4-summary-of-clinical-safety
33	File	m2/27-clin-sum/summary-clin-safety.pdf
	Comment	Typically, this document should consist of a single file. The CTD defines further heading levels and navigation should be provided within the document to these sub-headings.
	Number	2.7.5
	Title	Literature References
34	Element	m2-7-5-literature-references
	File	m2/27-clin-sum/literature-references.pdf
	Comment	
35	Number	2.7.6
	Title	Synopses of Individual Studies
	Element	m2-7-6-synopses-of-individual-studies

	File	m2/27-clin-sum/synopses-indiv-studies.pdf
	Comment	These synopses should already be located in the Clinical Study Reports in Module 5 and should not, therefore, be repeated in Module 2. It is
ľ	Comment	considered sufficient to provide hyperlinks from the listing of the studies, located here, to the locations of the synopses in Module 5.

	Number	3
	Title	Quality
36	Element	m3-quality
	Directory	m3
	Comment	Refer to the Granularity Annex of the M4 Organisation Document for guidance on the flexibility of multiple documents for Module 3
	Number	3.2
	Title	Body of Data
37	Element	m3-2-body-of-data
	Directory	m3/32-body-data
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S
	Title	Drug Substance
38	Element	m3-2-s-drug-substance
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S
	Title	Drug Substance - Drug Substance Name - Manufacturer
	Element	m3-2-s-drug-substance
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1
39		In this section, it can be helpful if the folder name includes the name of the drug substance and manufacturer. This applies particularly when there are multiple drug substances and/or manufacturers. When naming folders, attention should be paid to the length of the name of the folder on the overall length of the full path. Abbreviations can help control the length of the path.
	Comment	The 'substance' and 'manufacturer' attribute values in the backbone should be consistent with that used in the folder name but can be different. For example, a 'manufacturer' attribute value of 'Company XXX, City Name, Country Name' could be expressed as 'xxx' in the folder name. There is currently no standard terminology list for these attributes and applicants should choose these attributes carefully as they can not be easily changed during the life cycle of the application. The only way this can be accomplished currently is to delete all the leaf elements with the incorrect attribute value and provide new leaf elements for those files with the modified attribute value. Applicants should consult with the regional authority before attempting to modify these attributes to discuss the appropriateness of, and approach to be taken for, this type of change.
40	Number	3.2.S.1
	Title	General Information (name, manufacturer)

	Element	m3-2-s-1-general-information
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s1-gen-info
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.1.1
	Title	Nomenclature (name, manufacturer)
41	Element	m3-2-s-1-1-nomenclature
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s1-gen-info/nomenclature.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.1.2
	Title	Structure (name, manufacturer)
42	Element	m3-2-s-1-2-structure
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s1-gen-info/structure.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.1.3
	Title	General Properties (name, manufacturer)
43	Element	m3-2-s-1-3-general-properties
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s1-gen-info/general-properties.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.2
	Title	Manufacture (name, manufacturer)
44	Element	m3-2-s-2-manufacture
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s2-manuf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.2.1
	Title	Manufacturer(s) (name, manufacturer)
45	Element	m3-2-s-2-1-manufacturer
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s2-manuf/manufacturer.pdf
	Comment	For this document there should be only information regarding one manufacturer
	Number	3.2.S.2.2
	Title	Description of Manufacturing Process and Process Controls (name, manufacturer)
46	Element	m3-2-s-2-description-of-manufacturing-process-and-process-controls
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s2-manuf/manuf-process-and-controls.pdf
	Comment	

	Number	3.2.S.2.3
	Title	Control of Materials (name, manufacturer)
47	Element	m3-2-s-2-3-control-of-materials
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s2-manuf/control-of-materials.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.2.4
	Title	Controls of Critical Steps and Intermediates (name, manufacturer)
48	Element	m3-2-s-2-4-controls-of-critical-steps-and-intermediates
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s2-manuf/control-critical-steps.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.2.5
	Title	Process Validation and/or Evaluation (name, manufacturer)
49	Element	m3-2-s-2-5-process-validation-and-or-evaluation
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s2-manuf/process-validation.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.2.6
	Title	Manufacturing Process Development (name, manufacturer)
50	Element	m3-2-s-2-6-manufacturing-process-development
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s2-manuf/manuf-process-development.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.3
	Title	Characterisation (name, manufacturer)
51	Element	m3-2-s-3-characterisation
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s3-charac
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.3.1
	Title	Elucidation of Structure and Other Characteristics (name, manufacturer)
52	Element	m3-2-s-3-1-elucidation-of-structure-and-other-characteristics
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s3-charac/elucidation-of-structure.pdf
	Comment	
53	Number	3.2.8.3.2
	Title	Impurities (name, manufacturer)
	Element	m3-2-s-3-2-impurities

	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s3-charac/impurities.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.4
	Title	Control of Drug Substance (name, manufacturer)
54	Element	m3-2-s-4-control-of-drug-substance
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s4-contr-drug-sub
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.4.1
	Title	Specification (name, manufacturer)
55	Element	m3-2-s-4-1-specification
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s4-contr-drug-sub/32s41-spec
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.4.1
	Title	Specification (name, manufacturer)
56	Element	m3-2-s-4-1-specification
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s4-contr-drug-sub/32s41-spec/specification.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.4.2
	Title	Analytical Procedures (name, manufacturer)
57	Element	m3-2-s-4-2-analytical-procedures
37	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s4-contr-drug-sub/32s42-analyt-proc
	Comment	The example below shows how a multiple file approach, where a separate file is provided for each analytical procedure, can be organized. CTD numbering is not defined below this level (e.g., 3.2.S.4.2.1).
	Number	
	Title	Analytical Procedure-1
58	Element	m3-2-s-4-2-analytical-procedures
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s4-contr-drug-sub/32s42-analyt-proc/analytical-procedure-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Analytical Procedure-2
59	Element	m3-2-s-4-2-analytical-procedures
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s4-contr-drug-sub/32s42-analyt-proc/analytical-procedure-2.pdf
	Comment	

60	Number	
	Title	Analytical Procedure-3
	Element	m3-2-s-4-2-analytical-procedures
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s4-contr-drug-sub/32s42-analyt-proc/analytical-procedure-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.4.3
	Title	Validation of Analytical Procedures
61	Element	m3-2-s-4-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures (name, manufacturer)
01	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s4-contr-drug-sub/32s43-val-analyt-proc
	Comment	The example below shows how a multiple file approach, where a separate file is provided for each analytical procedure, can be organized. CTD numbering is not defined below this level (e.g., 3.2.S.4.3.1).
	Number	
	Title	Validation of Analytical Procedure-1
62	Element	m3-2-s-4-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s4-contr-drug-sub/32s43-val-analyt-proc/validation-analyt-procedure-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Validation of Analytical Procedure-2
63	Element	m3-2-s-4-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s4-contr-drug-sub/32s43-val-analyt-proc/validation-analyt-procedure-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Validation of Analytical Procedure-3
64	Element	m3-2-s-4-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s4-contr-drug-sub/32s43-val-analyt-proc/validation-analyt-procedure-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.4.4
	Title	Batch Analyses (name, manufacturer)
65	Element	m3-2-s-4-batch-analyses
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s4-contr-drug-sub/32s44-batch-analys
	Comment	
66	Number	3.2.S.4.4

	Title	Batch Analyses (name, manufacturer)
	Element	m3-2-s-4-4-batch-analyses
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s4-contr-drug-sub/32s44-batch-analys/batch-analyses.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.4.5
	Title	Justification of Specification (name, manufacturer)
67	Element	m3-2-s-4-5-justification-of-specification
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s4-contr-drug-sub/32s45-justif-spec
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.4.5
	Title	Justification of Specification (name, manufacturer)
68	Element	m3-2-s-4-5-justification-of-specification
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s4-contr-drug-sub/32s45-justif-spec/justification-of-specification.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.5
	Title	Reference Standards or Materials (name, manufacturer)
69	Element	m3-2-s-5-reference-standards-or-materials
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s5-ref-stand
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.5
	Title	Reference Standards or Materials (name, manufacturer)
70	Element	m3-2-s-5-reference-standards-or-materials
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s5-ref-stand/reference-standards.pdf
	Comment	Where a multiple file approach is taken for this section, the file names should indicate which reference standard is covered in the document.
	Number	3.2.S.6
	Title	Container Closure System (name, manufacturer)
71	Element	m3-2-s-6-container-closure-system
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s6-cont-closure-sys
	Comment	
72	Number	3.2.S.6
	Title	Container Closure System (name, manufacturer)
	Element	m3-2-s-6-container-closure-system
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s6-cont-closure-sys/container-closure-system.pdf

	Comment	
73	Number	3.2.S.7
	Title	Stability (name, manufacturer)
	Element	m3-2-s-7-stability
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s7-stab
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.7.1
	Title	Stability Summary and Conclusions (name, manufacturer)
74	Element	m3-2-s-7-1-stability-summary-and-conclusions
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/ <i>substance-1-manufacturer-1</i> /32s7-stab/stability-summary.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.7.2
	Title	Post-approval Stability Protocol and Stability Commitment (name, manufacturer)
75	Element	m3-2-s-7-2-post-approval-stability-protocol-and-stability-commitment
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s7-stab/postapproval-stability.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.S.7.3
	Title	Stability Data (name, manufacturer)
76	Element	m3-2-s-7-3-stability-data
	File	m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/substance-1-manufacturer-1/32s7-stab/stability-data.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P
	Title	Drug Product (name, dosage form)
77	Element	m3-2-p-drug-product
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod
	Comment	
78	Number	3.2.P
	Title	Drug Product (name, dosage form) – Name
	Element	m3-2-p-drug-product
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1

		In this section, it can be helpful if the folder name includes the name of the drug product. This applies particularly where there is more than one drug product (e.g., powder for reconstitution and diluent); the first drug product would have a folder 'powder-for-reconstitution' and the second, 'diluent'. Refer to regional guidance for definition of what constitutes a drug product and the acceptability of more than one drug product in an application.
	Comment	The 'product-name' attribute value in the backbone should be consistent with that used in the folder name but can be different. For example, a 'product-name' attribute value of 'Lyophilized Powder for Reconstitution' could be expressed as 'powder' in the folder name. There is currently no standard terminology list for these attributes and applicants should choose these attributes carefully as they can not be easily changed during the life cycle of the application. The only way this can be accomplished currently is to delete all the leaf elements with the incorrect attribute value and provide new leaf elements for those files with the modified attribute value. Applicants should consult with the regional authority before attempting to modify these attributes to discuss the appropriateness of, and approach to be taken for, this type of change.
	Number	3.2.P.1
	Title	Description and Composition of the Drug Product (name, dosage form)
79	Element	m3-2-p-1-description-and-composition-of-the-drug-product
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p1-desc-comp
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.1
	Title	Description and Composition of the Drug Product (name, dosage form)
80	Element	m3-2-p-1-description-and-composition-of-the-drug-product
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p1-desc-comp/description-and-composition.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.2
	Title	Pharmaceutical Development (name, dosage form)
IX I	Element	m3-2-p-2-pharmaceutical-development
01	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p2-pharm-dev
	Comment	Refer to the M4 Organisation Document: Granularity Annex for guidance on the flexibility of multiple documents for the Pharmaceutical
		Development section.
82	Number	3.2.P.2
	Title	Pharmaceutical Development (name, dosage form)
	Element	m3-2-p-2-pharmaceutical-development
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p2-pharm-dev/pharmaceutical-development.pdf

		Defeated MACO in the December Complete Association of Complete Com
	Comment	Refer to the M4 Organisation Document: Granularity Annex for guidance on the flexibility of multiple documents for the Pharmaceutical
		Development section.
	Number	3.2.P.3
	Title	Manufacture (name, dosage form)
83	Element	m3-2-p-3-manufacture
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p3-manuf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.3.1
	Title	Manufacturer(s) (name, dosage form)
84	Element	m3-2-p-3-1-manufacturers
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p3-manuf/manufacturers.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.3.2
	Title	Batch Formula (name, dosage form)
85	Element	m3-2-p-3-2-batch-formula
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p3-manuf/batch-formula.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.3.3
	Title	Description of Manufacturing Process and Process Controls (name, dosage form)
86	Element	m3-2-p-3-3-description-of-manufacturing-process-and-process-controls
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p3-manuf/manuf-process-and-controls.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.3.4
	Title	Controls of Critical Steps and Intermediates (name, dosage form)
87	Element	m3-2-p-3-4-controls-of-critical-steps-and-intermediates
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p3-manuf/control-critical-steps.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.3.5
	Title	Process Validation and/or Evaluation (name, dosage form)
88	Element	m3-2-p-3-5-process-validation-and-or-evaluation
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p3-manuf/process-validation.pdf
	Comment	The applicant has the option to submit one or multiple files, one for each validation or evaluation.

	Number	3.2.P.4
	Title	Control of Excipients (name, dosage form)
89	Element	m3-2-p-4-control-of-excipients
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p4-contr-excip
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.4
	Title	Control of Excipients (name, dosage form) – Excipient
	Element	m3-2-p-4-control-of-excipients
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p4-contr-excip/excipient-1
90	Comment	For a drug product containing more than one excipient, the information requested for sections 3.2.P.4.1 – 3.2.P.4.4 should be provided in its entirety for each excipient. Refer to the ICH eCTD QA and Change Requests document, Q&A No.4 for additional suggestions on structuring this section. For compendial excipient(s) without additional specification tests, it is appropriate to have all information in one file, making sure to introduce a folder for each of new documents to avoid mixing files and folders at the same level. Non-compendial excipients should follow the structure outlined below. The 'excipient' attribute value in the backbone should be consistent with that used in the folder name but can be different. There is currently no standard terminology list for these attributes and applicants should choose these attributes carefully as they can not be easily changed during the life cycle of the application. The only way this can be accomplished currently is to delete all the leaf elements with the incorrect attribute value and provide new leaf elements for those files with the modified attribute value. Applicants should consult with the regional authority before attempting to modify these attributes to discuss the appropriateness of, and approach to be taken for, this type of change.
	Number	3.2.P.4.1
	Title	Specifications (name, dosage form)
91	Element	m3-2-p-4-1-specifications
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p4-contr-excip/excipient-1/specifications.pdf
	Comment	See comment under 3.2.P.4.
	Number	3.2.P.4.2
	Title	Analytical Procedures (name, dosage form)
92	Element	m3-2-p-4-2-analytical-procedures
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p4-contr-excip/excipient-1/analytical-procedures.pdf
	Comment	See comment under 3.2.P.4.
93	Number	3.2.P.4.3
	Title	Validation of Analytical Procedures (name, dosage form)
	Element	m3-2-p-4-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures

	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p4-contr-excip/excipient-1/validation-analyt-procedures.pdf
	Comment	See comment under 3.2.P.4.
	Number	3.2.P.4.4
	Title	Justification of Specifications (name, dosage form)
94	Element	m3-2-p-4-4-justification-of-specifications
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p4-contr-excip/excipient-1/justification-of-specifications.pdf
	Comment	See comment under 3.2.P.4.
	Number	3.2.P.4.5
	Title	Excipients of Human or Animal Origin (name, dosage form)
95	Element	m3-2-p-4-5-excipients-of-human-or-animal-origin
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p4-contr-excip/excipients-human-animal.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.4.6
	Title	Novel Excipients (name, dosage form)
96	Element	m3-2-p-4-6-novel-excipients
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p4-contr-excip/novel-excipients.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.5
	Title	Control of Drug Product (name, dosage form)
97	Element	m3-2-p-5-control-of-drug-product
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.5.1
	Title	Specification(s) (name, dosage form)
98	Element	m3-2-p-5-1-specifications
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p51-spec
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.5.1
	Title	Specification(s) (name, dosage form)
99	Element	m3-2-p-5-1-specifications
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p51-spec/specifications.pdf
	Comment	
100	Number	3.2.P.5.2

	Title	Analytical Procedures (name, dosage form)
	Element	m3-2-p-5-2-analytical-procedures
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p52-analyt-proc
	Comment	The example below shows how a multiple file approach, where a separate file is provided for each analytical procedure, may be organized. CTD numbering is not defined below this level (e.g., 3.2.P.5.2.1).
	Number	
	Title	Analytical Procedure – 1
101	Element	m3-2-p-5-2-analytical-procedures
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p52-analyt-proc/analytical-procedure-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Analytical Procedure – 2
102	Element	m3-2-p-5-2-analytical-procedures
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p52-analyt-proc/analytical-procedure-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Analytical Procedure – 3
103	Element	m3-2-p-5-2-analytical-procedures
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p52-analyt-proc/analytical-procedure-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.5.3
	Title	Validation of Analytical Procedures (name, dosage form)
104	Element	m3-2-p-5-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures
104	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p53-val-analyt-proc
	Comment	The example below shows how a multiple file approach, where a separate file is provided for each analytical procedure, may be organized. CTD numbering is not defined below this level (e.g., 3.2.P.5.3.1).
	Number	
	Title	Validation of Analytical Procedures – 1
105	Element	m3-2-p-5-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p53-val-analyt-proc/validation-analytical-procedures-1.pdf
	Comment	
106	Number	
	Title	Validation of Analytical Procedures – 2

	Element	m3-2-p-5-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p53-val-analyt-proc/validation-analytical-procedures-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Validation of Analytical Procedures – 3
107	Element	m3-2-p-5-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p53-val-analyt-proc/validation-analytical-procedures-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.5.4
	Title	Batch Analyses (name, dosage form)
108	Element	m3-2-p-5-4-batch-analyses
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p54-batch-analys
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.5.4
	Title	Batch Analyses (name, dosage form)
109	Element	m3-2-p-5-4-batch-analyses
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p54-batch-analys/batch-analyses.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.5.5
	Title	Characterisation of Impurities (name, dosage form)
110	Element	m3-2-p-5-5-characterisation-of-impurities
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p55-charac-imp
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.5.5
	Title	Characterisation of Impurities (name, dosage form)
111	Element	m3-2-p-5-5-characterisation-of-impurities
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p55-charac-imp/characterisation-impurities.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.5.6
	Title	Justification of Specifications (name, dosage form)
112	Element	m3-2-p-5-6-justification-of-specifications
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p56-justif-spec
	Comment	

	Number	3.2.P.5.6
	Title	Justification of Specifications (name, dosage form)
113	Element	m3-2-p-5-6-justification-of-specifications
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p5-contr-drug-prod/32p56-justif-spec/justification-of-specifications.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.6
	Title	Reference Standards or Materials (name, dosage form)
114	Element	m3-2-p-6-reference-standards-or-materials
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p6-ref-stand
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.6
	Title	Reference Standards or Materials (name, dosage form)
115	Element	m3-2-p-6-reference-standards-or-materials
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/ <i>product-1</i> /32p6-ref-stand/reference-standards.pdf
	Comment	When a multiple file approach is taken for this section, the file names should indicate which reference standard is covered in the document.
	Number	3.2.P.7
	Title	Container Closure System (name, dosage form)
116	Element	m3-2-p-7-container-closure-system
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/ <i>product-1</i> /32p7-cont-closure-sys
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.7
	Title	Container Closure System (name, dosage form)
117	Element	m3-2-p-7-container-closure-system
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p7-cont-closure-sys/container-closure-system.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.8
	Title	Stability (name, dosage form)
118	Element	m3-2-p-8-stability
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/ <i>product-1</i> /32p8-stab
	Comment	
119	Number	3.2.P.8.1
	Title	Stability Summary and Conclusion (name, dosage form)
	Element	m3-2-p-8-1-stability-summary-and-conclusion

	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p8-stab/stability-summary.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.8.2
	Title	Post-approval Stability Protocol and Stability Commitment (name, dosage form)
120	Element	m3-2-p-8-2-post-approval-stability-protocol-and-stability-commitment
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p8-stab/postapproval-stability.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.P.8.3
	Title	Stability Data (name, dosage form)
121	Element	m3-2-p-8-3-stability-data
	File	m3/32-body-data/32p-drug-prod/product-1/32p8-stab/stability-data.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.A
	Title	Appendices
122	Element	m3-2-a-appendices
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32a-app
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.A.1
	Title	Facilities and Equipment (name, manufacturer)
	Element	m3-2-a-1-facilities-and-equipment
123	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32a-app/32a1-fac-equip
	Comment	Several reports are likely to be included in this appendix. The organisation is left to the applicant to define. However, where there is more than one manufacturer a folder should be created for each manufacturer and the identity of the manufacturer included in the directory name. CTD numbering is not defined below this level (e.g., 3.2.A.1.1).
	Number	
	Title	Facilities and Equipment Report 1
124	Element	m3-2-a-1-facilities-and-equipment
	File	m3/32-body-data/32a-app/32a1-fac-equip/facilities-and-equipment-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
125	Number	
	Title	Facilities and Equipment Report 2
	Element	m3-2-a-1-facilities-and-equipment
	File	m3/32-body-data/32a-app/32a1-fac-equip/facilities-and-equipment-report-2.pdf

	Comment	
	Number	
126	Title	Facilities and Equipment Report 3
	Element	m3-2-a-1-facilities-and-equipment
	File	m3/32-body-data/32a-app/32a1-fac-equip/facilities-and-equipment-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	3.2.A.2
	Title	Adventitious Agents Safety Evaluation (name, dosage form, manufacturer)
	Element	m3-2-a-2-adventitious-agents-safety-evaluation
127	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32a-app/32a2-advent-agent
	Comment	Nonviral adventitious agents reports should be placed in this folder. For viral adventitious agents the following sub-folder structure should be used. However, where there is more than one drug substance, drug product, manufacturer etc., a directory should be created for each option and its identity included in the directory name. CTD numbering is not defined below this level (e.g., 3.2.A.2.1).
	Number	
	Title	Adventitious Agents Safety Evaluation Report 1
128	Element	m3-2-a-2-adventitious-agents-safety-evaluation
	File	m3/32-body-data/32a-app/32a2-advent-agent/adventitious-agents-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Adventitious Agents Safety Evaluation Report 2
129	Element	m3-2-a-2-adventitious-agents-safety-evaluation
	File	m3/32-body-data/32a-app/32a2-advent-agent/adventitious-agents-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Adventitious Agents Safety Evaluation Report 3
130	Element	m3-2-a-2-adventitious-agents-safety-evaluation
	File	m3/32-body-data/32a-app/32a2-advent-agent/adventitious-agents-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
131	Number	3.2.A.3
	Title	Excipients – Name
	Element	m3-2-a-3-excipients
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32a-app/32a3-excip- <i>name-1</i>

	Comment	The name of any novel excipient should be included in the folder name. If there is more than one novel excipient then each folder should have unique identification through the use of different names e.g., '32a3-excip-name-1' and '32a3-excip-name-2'. The directory/file structure would typically follow that of the drug substance section in Module 3.2.S. Refer to regional guidances for the
		need for such information to be included in the submission directly as opposed to its inclusion in a Drug Master File.
	Number	3.2.R
	Title	Regional Information
132	Element	m3-2-r-regional-information
	Directory	m3/32-body-data/32r-reg-info
	Comment	Refer to the M4 Organisation Document: Granularity Annex for the approach to take with this section.
	Number	3.3
	Title	Literature References
133	Element	m3-3-literature-references
133	Directory	m3/33-lit-ref
	Comment	Copies of literature references should ordinarily be submitted as individual files (i.e., one for each reference). CTD numbering is not defined below this level (e.g., 3.3.1).
	Number	
	Title	Reference 1
134	Element	m3-3-literature-references
	File	m3/33-lit-ref/reference-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Reference 2
135	Element	m3-3-literature-references
	File	m3/33-lit-ref/reference-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Reference 3
136	Element	m3-3-literature-references
	File	m3/33-lit-ref/reference-3.pdf
	Comment	

	Number	4
	Title	Nonclinical Study Reports
127		m4-nonclinical-study-reports
137		m4
	Comment	1114
		4.2
		4.2
		Study Reports
138	Element	m4-2-study-reports
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.1
	Title	Pharmacology
139	Element	m4-2-1-pharmacology
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.1.1
		Primary Pharmacodynamics
140	Element	m4-2-1-1-primary-pharmacodynamics
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4211-prim-pd
	Comment	
141	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
	Element	m4-2-1-1-primary-pharmacodynamics
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4211-prim-pd/study-report-1.pdf

		This comment is applicable to all study reports in Module 4.
		A single file can be provided for each study report document in Module 4. However, where the study report is large (e.g., a carcinogenicity study) the applicant can choose to submit the report as more than one file. In this case the text portion of the report should be one file and the appendices can be one or more files. In choosing the level of granularity for these reports, the applicant should consider that, when relevant information is changed at any point in the product's life cycle, replacements of complete files should be provided. Where submission as a collection of multiple files is used it is recommended that a directory is created at the study report level and the relevant files included within the directory. It is possible to have the additional graphical file(s) inserted directly into the PDF file, thus making management of the file easier. Alternatively, the applicant can choose to manage graphical files independently. Individual studies and files do not have specific CTD numbers.
	Number	The results and the do not have opened of D humbers.
	Title	Study Report 2
142	Element	m4-2-1-1-primary-pharmacodynamics
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4211-prim-pd/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
143	Element	m4-2-1-1-primary-pharmacodynamics
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4211-prim-pd/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.1.2
	Title	Secondary Pharmacodynamics
144	Element	m4-2-1-2-secondary-pharmacodynamics
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4212-sec-pd
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
	Element	m4-2-1-2-secondary-pharmacodynamics
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4212-sec-pd/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
146	Number	

	Title	Study Report 2
	Element	m4-2-1-2-secondary-pharmacodynamics
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4212-sec-pd/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
147	Element	m4-2-1-2-secondary-pharmacodynamics
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4212-sec-pd/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.1.3
	Title	Safety Pharmacology
148	Element	m4-2-1-3-safety-pharmacology
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4213-safety-pharmacol
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
149	Element	m4-2-1-3-safety-pharmacology
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4213-safety-pharmacol/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
	Element	m4-2-1-3-safety-pharmacology
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4213-safety-pharmacol/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
	Element	m4-2-1-3-safety-pharmacology
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4213-safety-pharmacol/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.1.4
	Title	Pharmacodynamic Drug Interactions
	Element	m4-2-1-4-pharmacodynamic-drug-interactions
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4214-pd-drug-interact

	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
153		m4-2-1-4-pharmacodynamic-drug-interactions
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4214-pd-drug-interact/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
154	Element	m4-2-1-4-pharmacodynamic-drug-interactions
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4214-pd-drug-interact/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
155	Element	m4-2-1-4-pharmacodynamic-drug-interactions
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/421-pharmacol/4214-pd-drug-interact/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.2
	Title	Pharmacokinetics
156	Element	m4-2-2-pharmacokinetics
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.2.1
	Title	Analytical Methods and Validation Reports (if separate reports are available)
157	Element	m4-2-2-1-analytical-methods-and-validation-reports
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4221-analyt-met-val
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
158	Element	m4-2-2-1-analytical-methods-and-validation-reports
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4221-analyt-met-val/ <i>study-report-1.pdf</i>
	Comment	
159	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2

	Element	m4-2-2-1-analytical-methods-and-validation-reports
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4221-analyt-met-val/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
160	Element	m4-2-2-1-analytical-methods-and-validation-reports
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4221-analyt-met-val/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.2.2
	Title	Absorption
161	Element	m4-2-2-absorption
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4222-absorp
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
162	Element	m4-2-2-absorption
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4222-absorp/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
163	Element	m4-2-2-absorption
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4222-absorp/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
	Element	m4-2-2-absorption
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4222-absorp/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.2.3
	Title	Distribution
	Element	m4-2-2-3-distribution
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4223-distrib
	Comment	

	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
166	Element	m4-2-2-3-distribution
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4223-distrib/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
167	Element	m4-2-2-3-distribution
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4223-distrib/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
168	Element	m4-2-2-3-distribution
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4223-distrib/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
		4.2.2.4
		Metabolism
169		m4-2-2-4-metabolism
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4224-metab
	Comment	
	Number	
		Study Report 1
		m4-2-2-4-metabolism
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4224-metab/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
		m4-2-2-4-metabolism
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4224-metab/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
	Element	m4-2-2-4-metabolism

	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4224-metab/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.2.5
	Title	Excretion
173	Element	m4-2-2-5-excretion
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4225-excr
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
174	Element	m4-2-2-5-excretion
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4225-excr/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
175	Element	m4-2-2-5-excretion
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4225-excr/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
176	Element	m4-2-2-5-excretion
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4225-excr/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.2.6
	Title	Pharmacokinetic Drug Interactions (nonclinical)
177	Element	m4-2-2-6-pharmacokinetic-drug-interactions
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4226-pk-drug-interact
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
178	Element	m4-2-2-6-pharmacokinetic-drug-interactions
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4226-pk-drug-interact/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
179	Number	

	Title	Study Report 2
	Element	m4-2-2-6-pharmacokinetic-drug-interactions
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4226-pk-drug-interact/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
180	Element	m4-2-2-6-pharmacokinetic-drug-interactions
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4226-pk-drug-interact/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
		4.2.2.7
	Title	Other Pharmacokinetic Studies
181	Element	m4-2-2-7-other-pharmacokinetic-studies
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4227-other-pk-stud
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
182	Element	m4-2-2-7-other-pharmacokinetic-studies
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4227-other-pk-stud/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
183	Element	m4-2-2-7-other-pharmacokinetic-studies
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4227-other-pk-stud/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
184	Element	m4-2-2-7-other-pharmacokinetic-studies
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/422-pk/4227-other-pk-stud/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.3
	Title	Toxicology
	Element	m4-2-3-toxicology
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox

	Comment	
	Number	4.2.3.1
	Title	Single-Dose Toxicity (in order by species, by route)
186	Element	m4-2-3-1-single-dose-toxicity
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4231-single-dose-tox
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
187	Element	m4-2-3-1-single-dose-toxicity
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4231-single-dose-tox/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
188	Element	m4-2-3-1-single-dose-toxicity
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4231-single-dose-tox/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
189	Element	m4-2-3-1-single-dose-toxicity
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4231-single-dose-tox/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
		4.2.3.2
	Title	Repeat-Dose Toxicity (in order by species, by route, by duration, including supportive toxicokinetics evaluations)
190	Element	m4-2-3-2-repeat-dose-toxicity
		m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4232-repeat-dose-tox
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
		m4-2-3-2-repeat-dose-toxicity
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4232-repeat-dose-tox/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2

	Element	m4-2-3-2-repeat-dose-toxicity
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4232-repeat-dose-tox/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
193	Element	m4-2-3-2-repeat-dose-toxicity
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4232-repeat-dose-tox/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.3.3
	Title	Genotoxicity
194		m4-2-3-3-genotoxicity
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4233-genotox
	Comment	
		4.2.3.3.1
		In vitro
195		m4-2-3-3-1-in-vitro
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4233-genotox/42331-in-vitro
	Comment	
	Number	
		Study Report 1
196		m4-2-3-3-1-in-vitro
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4233-genotox/42331-in-vitro/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
		Study Report 2
197		m4-2-3-3-1-in-vitro
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4233-genotox/42331-in-vitro/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
198	Element	m4-2-3-3-1-in-vitro
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4233-genotox/42331-in-vitro/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	

	Number	4.2.3.3.2
199	Title	In vivo (including supportive toxicokinetics evaluations)
	Element	m4-2-3-3-2-in-vivo
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4233-genotox/42332-in-vivo
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
200	Element	m4-2-3-3-2-in-vivo
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4233-genotox/42332-in-vivo/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
201	Element	m4-2-3-3-2-in-vivo
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4233-genotox/42332-in-vivo/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
202	Element	m4-2-3-3-2-in-vivo
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4233-genotox/42332-in-vivo/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
		4.2.3.4
	Title	Carcinogenicity (including supportive toxicokinetics evaluations)
203		m4-2-3-4-carcinogenicity
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4234-carcigen
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.3.4.1
	Title	Long-term studies (in order by species, including range-finding studies that cannot be appropriately included under repeat-dose toxicity or pharmacokinetics)
204	Element	m4-2-3-4-1-long-term-studies
		m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4234-carcigen/42341-lt-stud
	Comment	
205	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1

	Element	m4-2-3-4-1-long-term-studies
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4234-carcigen/42341-lt-stud/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
206	Element	m4-2-3-4-1-long-term-studies
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4234-carcigen/42341-lt-stud/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
207	Element	m4-2-3-4-1-long-term-studies
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4234-carcigen/42341-lt-stud/ <i>study-report-3.pdf</i>
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.3.4.2
208	Title	Short- or medium-term studies (including range-finding studies that cannot be appropriately included under repeat-dose toxicity or pharmacokinetics)
208	Element	m4-2-3-4-2-short-or-medium-term-studies
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4234-carcigen/42342-smt-stud
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
209	Element	m4-2-3-4-2-short-or-medium-term-studies
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4234-carcigen/42342-smt-stud/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
210		m4-2-3-4-2-short-or-medium-term-studies
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4234-carcigen/42342-smt-stud/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
211	Number	
1	Title	Study Report 3
		m4-2-3-4-2-short-or-medium-term-studies
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4234-carcigen/42342-smt-stud/study-report-3.pdf

	Comment	
		4.2.3.4.3
	Title	Other studies
		m4-2-3-4-3-other-studies
		m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4234-carcigen/42343-other-stud
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
213	Element	m4-2-3-4-3-other-studies
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4234-carcigen/42343-other-stud/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
214	Element	m4-2-3-4-3-other-studies
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4234-carcigen/42343-other-stud/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
215	Element	m4-2-3-4-3-other-studies
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4234-carcigen/42343-other-stud/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
		4.2.3.5
		Reproductive and Developmental Toxicity (including range-finding studies and supportive toxicokinetics evaluations) (If modified study
216		designs are used, the following subheadings should be modified accordingly)
	Element	m4-2-3-5-reproductive-and-developmental-toxicity
		m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox
	Comment	
		4.2.3.5.1
		Fertility and early embryonic development
		m4-2-3-5-1-fertility-and-early-embryonic-development
		m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42351-fert-embryo-dev
	Comment	
218	Number	

	Title	Study Report 1
	Element	m4-2-3-5-1-fertility-and-early-embryonic-development
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42351-fert-embryo-dev/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
219	Element	m4-2-3-5-1-fertility-and-early-embryonic-development
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42351-fert-embryo-dev/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
220	Element	m4-2-3-5-1-fertility-and-early-embryonic-development
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42351-fert-embryo-dev/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.3.5.2
		Embryo-fetal development
221	Element	m4-2-3-5-2-embryo-fetal-development
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42352-embryo-fetal-dev
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
222	Element	m4-2-3-5-2-embryo-fetal-development
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42352-embryo-fetal-dev/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
223	Element	m4-2-3-5-2-embryo-fetal-development
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42352-embryo-fetal-dev/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
224	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
	Element	m4-2-3-5-2-embryo-fetal-development
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42352-embryo-fetal-dev/study-report-3.pdf

	Comment	
	Number	4.2.3.5.3
		Prenatal and postnatal development, including maternal function
		m4-2-3-5-3-prenatal-and-postnatal-development-including-maternal-function
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42353-pre-postnatal-dev
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
226	Element	m4-2-3-5-3-prenatal-and-postnatal-development-including-maternal-function
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42353-pre-postnatal-dev/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
227	Element	m4-2-3-5-3-prenatal-and-postnatal-development-including-maternal-function
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42353-pre-postnatal-dev/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
228	Element	m4-2-3-5-3-prenatal-and-postnatal-development-including-maternal-function
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42353-pre-postnatal-dev/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.3.5.4
	Title	Studies in which the offspring (juvenile animals) are dosed and/or further evaluated
229	Element	m4-2-3-5-4-studies-in-which-the-offspring-juvenile-animals-are-dosed-and-or-further-evaluated
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42354-juv
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
	Element	m4-2-3-5-4-studies-in-which-the-offspring-juvenile-animals-are-dosed-and-or-further-evaluated
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42354-juv/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2

	Element	m4-2-3-5-4-studies-in-which-the-offspring-juvenile-animals-are-dosed-and-or-further-evaluated
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42354-juv/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
232	Element	m4-2-3-5-4-studies-in-which-the-offspring-juvenile-animals-are-dosed-and-or-further-evaluated
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4235-repro-dev-tox/42354-juv/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.3.6
	Title	Local Tolerance
233	Element	m4-2-3-6-local-tolerance
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4236-loc-tol
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
234	Element	m4-2-3-6-local-tolerance
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4236-loc-tol/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
235	Element	m4-2-3-6-local-tolerance
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4236-loc-tol/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
236		m4-2-3-6-local-tolerance
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4236-loc-tol/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.3.7
	Title	Other Toxicity Studies (if available)
237		m4-2-3-7-other-toxicity-studies
		m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud
	Comment	

	Number	4.2.3.7.1
	Title	Antigenicity
	Element	m4-2-3-7-1-antigenicity
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42371-antigen
	Comment	·
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
239	Element	m4-2-3-7-1-antigenicity
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42371-antigen/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
240	Element	m4-2-3-7-1-antigenicity
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42371-antigen/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
241		m4-2-3-7-1-antigenicity
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42371-antigen/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.3.7.2
	Title	Immunotoxicity
242	Element	m4-2-3-7-2-immunotoxicity
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42372-immunotox
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
243	Element	m4-2-3-7-2-immunotoxicity
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42372-immunotox/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
244	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
	Element	m4-2-3-7-2-immunotoxicity

	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42372-immunotox/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
245	Element	m4-2-3-7-2-immunotoxicity
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42372-immunotox/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.3.7.3
	Title	Mechanistic studies (if not included elsewhere)
246	Element	m4-2-3-7-3-mechanistic-studies
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42373-mechan-stud
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
247	Element	m4-2-3-7-3-mechanistic-studies
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42373-mechan-stud/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
		m4-2-3-7-3-mechanistic-studies
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42373-mechan-stud/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
		m4-2-3-7-3-mechanistic-studies
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42373-mechan-stud/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.3.7.4
	Title	Dependence
250		m4-2-3-7-4-dependence
		m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42374-dep
	Comment	
251	Number	

	Title	Study Report 1
	Element	m4-2-3-7-4-dependence
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42374-dep/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
252	Element	m4-2-3-7-4-dependence
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42374-dep/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
253	Element	m4-2-3-7-4-dependence
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42374-dep/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.2.3.7.5
	Title	Metabolites
254	Element	m4-2-3-7-5-metabolites
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42375-metab
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
	Element	m4-2-3-7-5-metabolites
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42375-metab/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
256	Element	m4-2-3-7-5-metabolites
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42375-metab/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
257	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
	Element	m4-2-3-7-5-metabolites
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42375-metab/study-report-3.pdf

	Comment	
	Number	4.2.3.7.6
	Title	Impurities
	Element	m4-2-3-7-6-impurities
	Directory	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42376-imp
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
259		m4-2-3-7-6-impurities
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42376-imp/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
		Study Report 2
260		m4-2-3-7-6-impurities
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42376-imp/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
		Study Report 3
261		m4-2-3-7-6-impurities
		m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42376-imp/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
		4.2.3.7.7
		Other
262		m4-2-3-7-other
		m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42377-other
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
263	Element	m4-2-3-7-7-other
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42377-other/study-report-1.pdf
	Comment	
264	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2

	Element	m4-2-3-7-7-other
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42377-other/study-report-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
265	Element	m4-2-3-7-7-other
	File	m4/42-stud-rep/423-tox/4237-other-tox-stud/42377-other/study-report-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	4.3
	Title	Literature References
266	Element	m4-3-literature-references
	_	m4/43-lit-ref
	Comment	Copies of literature references should ordinarily be submitted as individual files (i.e., one for each reference).
	Number	
		Reference 1
		m4-3-literature-references
		m4/43-lit-ref/ <i>reference-1.pdf</i>
	Comment	
	Number	
		Reference 2
		m4-3-literature-references
		m4/43-lit-ref/ <i>reference-2.pdf</i>
	Comment	
	Number	
		Reference 3
		m4-3-literature-references
	File	m4/43-lit-ref/ <i>reference-3.pdf</i>
	Comment	

	Number	5
	Title	Clinical Study Reports
270	Element	m5-clinical-study-reports
270		m5
	Comment	
	Number	5.2
	Title	Tabular Listing of all Clinical Studies
271	Element	m5-2-tabular-listing-of-all-clinical-studies
	Directory	m5/52-tab-list
	Comment	
		5.2
	Title	Tabular Listing of all Clinical Studies
272	Element	m5-2-tabular-listing-of-all-clinical-studies
	File	m5/52-tab-list/tabular-listing.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	5.3
	Title	Clinical Study Reports
273	Element	m5-3-clinical-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep
	Comment	
		5.3.1
		Reports of Biopharmaceutic Studies
274		m5-3-1-reports-of-biopharmaceutic-studies
		m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud
	Comment	
		5.3.1.1
		Bioavailability (BA) Study Reports
275		m5-3-1-1-bioavailability-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5311-ba-stud-rep
	Comment	
276	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1

	Element	m5-3-1-1-bioavailability-study-reports
		m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5311-ba-stud-rep/study-report-1
	Comment	This comment is applicable to all study reports in Module 5. The applicants should ordinarily provide the study reports as multiple files (a synopsis, a main body and appropriate appendices). Appendices should be organized in accordance with the ICH E3 guideline, which describes the content and format of the clinical study report. In choosing the level of granularity for reports the applicant should consider that, when relevant information is changed at any point in the product's life cycle, replacements of complete files should be provided. A directory should be created for each study and the files associated with the study report should be organized within the directory. Individual studies and files do not have specific CTD numbers.
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
	Element	m5-3-1-1-bioavailability-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5311-ba-stud-rep/study-report-2
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
278	Element	m5-3-1-1-bioavailability-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5311-ba-stud-rep/study-report-3
	Comment	
		5.3.1.2
	Title	Comparative BA and Bioequivalence (BE) Study Reports
279	Element	m5-3-1-2-comparative-ba-and-bioequivalence-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5312-compar-ba-be-stud-rep
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
280	Element	m5-3-1-2-comparative-ba-and-bioequivalence-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5312-compar-ba-be-stud-rep/study-report-1
	Comment	
281	Number	
1	Title	Study Report 2
1	Element	m5-3-1-2-comparative-ba-and-bioequivalence-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5312-compar-ba-be-stud-rep/study-report-2

	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
		m5-3-1-2-comparative-ba-and-bioequivalence-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5312-compar-ba-be-stud-rep/study-report-3
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.1.3
	Title	In vitro – In vivo Correlation Study Reports
283	Element	m5-3-1-3-in-vitro-in-vivo-correlation-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5313-in-vitro-in-vivo-corr-stud-rep
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
284	Element	m5-3-1-3-in-vitro-in-vivo-correlation-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5313-in-vitro-in-vivo-corr-stud-rep/study-report-1
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
285	Element	m5-3-1-3-in-vitro-in-vivo-correlation-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5313-in-vitro-in-vivo-corr-stud-rep/study-report-2
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
286	Element	m5-3-1-3-in-vitro-in-vivo-correlation-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5313-in-vitro-in-vivo-corr-stud-rep/study-report-3
	Comment	
		5.3.1.4
		Reports of Bioanalytical and Analytical Methods for Human Studies
		m5-3-1-4-reports-of-bioanalytical-and-analytical-methods-for-human-studies
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5314-bioanalyt-analyt-met
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1

	Element	m5-3-1-4-reports-of-bioanalytical-and-analytical-methods-for-human-studies
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5314-bioanalyt-analyt-met/study-report-1
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
289	Element	m5-3-1-4-reports-of-bioanalytical-and-analytical-methods-for-human-studies
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5314-bioanalyt-analyt-met/study-report-2
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
290	Element	m5-3-1-4-reports-of-bioanalytical-and-analytical-methods-for-human-studies
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/531-rep-biopharm-stud/5314-bioanalyt-analyt-met/study-report-3
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.2
	Title	Reports of Studies Pertinent to Pharmacokinetics using Human Biomaterials
291		m5-3-2-reports-of-studies-pertinent-to-pharmacokinetics-using-human-biomaterials
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/532-rep-stud-pk-human-biomat
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.2.1
	Title	Plasma Protein Binding Study Reports
292		m5-3-2-1-plasma-protein-binding-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/532-rep-stud-pk-human-biomat/5321-plasma-prot-bind-stud-rep
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
293	Element	m5-3-2-1-plasma-protein-binding-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/532-rep-stud-pk-human-biomat/5321-plasma-prot-bind-stud-rep/study-report-1
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
294		m5-3-2-1-plasma-protein-binding-study-reports
		m5/53-clin-stud-rep/532-rep-stud-pk-human-biomat/5321-plasma-prot-bind-stud-rep/study-report-2
	Comment	

	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
295	Element	m5-3-2-1-plasma-protein-binding-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/532-rep-stud-pk-human-biomat/5321-plasma-prot-bind-stud-rep/study-report-3
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.2.2
	Title	Reports of Hepatic Metabolism and Drug Interaction Studies
296	Element	m5-3-2-2-reports-of-hepatic-metabolism-and-drug-interaction-studies
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/532-rep-stud-pk-human-biomat/5322-rep-hep-metab-interact-stud
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
297	Element	m5-3-2-2-reports-of-hepatic-metabolism-and-drug-interaction-studies
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/532-rep-stud-pk-human-biomat/5322-rep-hep-metab-interact-stud/study-report-1
_	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
298	Element	m5-3-2-2-reports-of-hepatic-metabolism-and-drug-interaction-studies
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/532-rep-stud-pk-human-biomat/5322-rep-hep-metab-interact-stud/study-report-2
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
299	Element	m5-3-2-2-reports-of-hepatic-metabolism-and-drug-interaction-studies
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/532-rep-stud-pk-human-biomat/5322-rep-hep-metab-interact-stud/study-report-3
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.2.3
	Title	Reports of Studies Using Other Human Biomaterials
300	Element	m5-3-2-3-reports-of-studies-using-other-human-biomaterials
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/532-rep-stud-pk-human-biomat/5323-stud-other-human-biomat
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
	Element	m5-3-2-3-reports-of-studies-using-other-human-biomaterials

	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/532-rep-stud-pk-human-biomat/5323-stud-other-human-biomat/study-report-1
	Comment	
	Number	
•	Title	Study Report 2
302	Element	m5-3-2-3-reports-of-studies-using-other-human-biomaterials
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/532-rep-stud-pk-human-biomat/5323-stud-other-human-biomat/study-report-2
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
303	Element	m5-3-2-3-reports-of-studies-using-other-human-biomaterials
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/532-rep-stud-pk-human-biomat/5323-stud-other-human-biomat/study-report-3
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.3
1 1	Title	Reports of Human Pharmacokinetic (PK) Studies
304	Element	m5-3-3-reports-of-human-pharmacokinetics-pk-studies
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.3.1
1 1	Title	Healthy Subject PK and Initial Tolerability Study Reports
305	Element	m5-3-3-1-healthy-subject-pk-and-initial-tolerability-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5331-healthy-subj-pk-init-tol-stud-rep
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
306	Element	m5-3-3-1-healthy-subject-pk-and-initial-tolerability-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5331-healthy-subj-pk-init-tol-stud-rep/study-report-1
•	Comment	
	Number	
•	Title	Study Report 2
307	Element	m5-3-3-1-healthy-subject-pk-and-initial-tolerability-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5331-healthy-subj-pk-init-tol-stud-rep/study-report-2
	Comment	
308	Number	

	Title	Study Report 3
	Element	m5-3-3-1-healthy-subject-pk-and-initial-tolerability-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5331-healthy-subj-pk-init-tol-stud-rep/study-report-3
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.3.2
	Title	Patient PK and Initial Tolerability Study Reports
309	Element	m5-3-3-2-patient-pk-and-initial-tolerability-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5332-patient-pk-init-tol-stud-rep
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
310	Element	m5-3-3-2-patient-pk-and-initial-tolerability-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5332-patient-pk-init-tol-stud-rep/study-report-1
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
311	Element	m5-3-3-2-patient-pk-and-initial-tolerability-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5332-patient-pk-init-tol-stud-rep/study-report-2
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
312	Element	m5-3-3-2-patient-pk-and-initial-tolerability-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5332-patient-pk-init-tol-stud-rep/study-report-3
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.3.3
	Title	Intrinsic Factor PK Study Reports
313	Element	m5-3-3-intrinsic-factor-pk-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5333-intrin-factor-pk-stud-rep
	Comment	
314	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
	Element	m5-3-3-intrinsic-factor-pk-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5333-intrin-factor-pk-stud-rep/study-report-1

	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
	Element	m5-3-3-intrinsic-factor-pk-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5333-intrin-factor-pk-stud-rep/study-report-2
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
316	Element	m5-3-3-intrinsic-factor-pk-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5333-intrin-factor-pk-stud-rep/study-report-3
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.3.4
	Title	Extrinsic Factor PK Study Reports
317	Element	m5-3-3-4-extrinsic-factor-pk-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5334-extrin-factor-pk-stud-rep
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
	Element	m5-3-3-4-extrinsic-factor-pk-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5334-extrin-factor-pk-stud-rep/study-report-1
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
	Element	m5-3-3-4-extrinsic-factor-pk-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5334-extrin-factor-pk-stud-rep/study-report-2
-	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
	Element	m5-3-3-4-extrinsic-factor-pk-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5334-extrin-factor-pk-stud-rep/study-report-3
	Comment	
321	Number	5.3.3.5
	Title	Population PK Study Reports

	Element	m5-3-3-5-population-pk-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5335-popul-pk-stud-rep
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
322	Element	m5-3-3-5-population-pk-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5335-popul-pk-stud-rep/study-report-1
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
323	Element	m5-3-3-5-population-pk-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5335-popul-pk-stud-rep/study-report-2
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
324	Element	m5-3-3-5-population-pk-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/533-rep-human-pk-stud/5335-popul-pk-stud-rep/study-report-3
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.4
	Title	Reports of Human Pharmacodynamic (PD) Studies
325	Element	m5-3-4-reports-of-human-pharmacodynamics-pd-studies
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/534-rep-human-pd-stud
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.4.1
	Title	Healthy Subject PD and PK/PD Study Reports
326	Element	m5-3-4-1-healthy-subject-pd-and-pk-pd-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/534-rep-human-pd-stud/5341-healthy-subj-pd-stud-rep
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
		m5-3-4-1-healthy-subject-pd-and-pk-pd-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/534-rep-human-pd-stud/5341-healthy-subj-pd-stud-rep/study-report-1
	Comment	

	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
328	Element	m5-3-4-1-healthy-subject-pd-and-pk-pd-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/534-rep-human-pd-stud/5341-healthy-subj-pd-stud-rep/study-report-2
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
329	Element	m5-3-4-1-healthy-subject-pd-and-pk-pd-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/534-rep-human-pd-stud/5341-healthy-subj-pd-stud-rep/study-report-3
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.4.2
	Title	Patient PD and PK/PD Study Reports
330	Element	m5-3-4-2-patient-pd-and-pk-pd-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/534-rep-human-pd-stud/5342-patient-pd-stud-rep
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
331	Element	m5-3-4-2-patient-pd-and-pk-pd-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/534-rep-human-pd-stud/5342-patient-pd-stud-rep/study-report-1
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
332	Element	m5-3-4-2-patient-pd-and-pk-pd-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/534-rep-human-pd-stud/5342-patient-pd-stud-rep/study-report-2
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
	Element	m5-3-4-2-patient-pd-and-pk-pd-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/534-rep-human-pd-stud/5342-patient-pd-stud-rep/study-report-3
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.5
	Title	Reports of Efficacy and Safety Studies
	Element	m5-3-5-reports-of-efficacy-and-safety-studies

	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.5
	Title	Reports of Efficacy and Safety Studies - Indication Name
	Element	m5-3-5-reports-of-efficacy-and-safety-studies
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1
335		The folder name should always include the indication being claimed, for example, 'asthma' (abbreviated if appropriate). Where there is more than one indication (e.g., asthma and migraine), then the first indication has a folder 'asthma' and the second 'migraine'.
	Comment	The 'indication' attribute in the backbone should be consistent with that used in the folder name but can be different. For example, an 'indication' attribute value of 'Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer' could be expressed as 'NSCLC' in the folder name. There is currently no standard terminology list for 'indication' and applicants should choose the 'indication' attributes carefully as they can not be easily changed during the life cycle of the application. The only way this can be accomplished currently is to delete all the leaf elements with the incorrect attribute value and provide new leaf elements for those files with the modified attribute value. Applicants should consult with the regional
		authority before attempting to modify these attributes to discuss the appropriateness of, and approach to be taken for, this type of change.
	Number	5.3.5.1
	Title	Study Reports of Controlled Clinical Studies Pertinent to the Claimed Indication
	Element	m5-3-5-1-study-reports-of-controlled-clinical-studies-pertinent-to-the-claimed-indication
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5351-stud-rep-contr
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
	Element	m5-3-5-1-study-reports-of-controlled-clinical-studies-pertinent-to-the-claimed-indication
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5351-stud-rep-contr/study-report-1
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
	Element	m5-3-5-1-study-reports-of-controlled-clinical-studies-pertinent-to-the-claimed-indication
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5351-stud-rep-contr/study-report-2
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
	Element	m5-3-5-1-study-reports-of-controlled-clinical-studies-pertinent-to-the-claimed-indication
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5351-stud-rep-contr/study-report-3

	Comment	
	Number	5.3.5.2
	Title	Study Reports of Uncontrolled Clinical Studies
	Element	m5-3-5-2-study-reports-of-uncontrolled-clinical-studies
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5352-stud-rep-uncontr
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
341	Element	m5-3-5-2-study-reports-of-uncontrolled-clinical-studies
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5352-stud-rep-uncontr/study-report-1
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
342		m5-3-5-2-study-reports-of-uncontrolled-clinical-studies
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5352-stud-rep-uncontr/study-report-2
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
343		m5-3-5-2-study-reports-of-uncontrolled-clinical-studies
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5352-stud-rep-uncontr/study-report-3
	Comment	
		5.3.5.3
		Reports of Analyses of Data from More than One Study
344	Element	m5-3-5-3-reports-of-analyses-of-data-from-more-than-one-study
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5353-rep-analys-data-more-one-stud
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
	Element	m5-3-5-3-reports-of-analyses-of-data-from-more-than-one-study
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5353-rep-analys-data-more-one-stud/study-report-1
	Comment	
346	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2

	Element	m5-3-5-3-reports-of-analyses-of-data-from-more-than-one-study
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5353-rep-analys-data-more-one-stud/study-report-2
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
347	Element	m5-3-5-3-reports-of-analyses-of-data-from-more-than-one-study
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5353-rep-analys-data-more-one-stud/study-report-3
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.5.4
	Title	Other Study Reports
348	Element	m5-3-5-4-other-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5354-other-stud-rep
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 1
349	Element	m5-3-5-4-other-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5354-other-stud-rep/study-report-1
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 2
350	Element	m5-3-5-4-other-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5354-other-stud-rep/study-report-2
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study Report 3
351	Element	m5-3-5-4-other-study-reports
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-effic-safety-stud/indication-1/5354-other-stud-rep/study-report-3
	Comment	
	Number	5.3.6
	Title	Reports of Postmarketing Experience
352	Element	m5-3-6-reports-of-postmarketing-experience
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/536-postmark-exp
	Comment	

	Number	5.3.7
	Title	Case Report Forms and Individual Patient Listings
353	Element	m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/537-crf-ipl
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study 1
354	Element	m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/537-crf-ipl/study-1
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Document/Dataset 1
355	Element	m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings
333	File	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/537-crf-ipl/study-1/filename-1.pdf
	Comment	The filename and extension should include the description of the file and appropriate file extension according to Appendix 2. Reference should be made to regional guidance for the acceptability of submission of datasets
	Number	
	Title	Document/Dataset 2
356	Element	m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings
	File	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/537-crf-ipl/study-1/filename-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Document/Dataset 3
357	Element	m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings
	File	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/537-crf-ipl/study-1/filename-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
358	Title	Study 2
	Element	m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/537-crf-ipl/study-2
		define element
359	Number	
	Title	Document/Dataset 1

	Element	m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings
	File	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/537-crf-ipl/study-2/filename-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Document/Dataset 2
360	Element	m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings
	File	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/537-crf-ipl/study-2/filename-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Document/Dataset 3
361	Element	m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings
	File	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/537-crf-ipl/study-2/filename-3.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Study 3
362	Element	m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings
	Directory	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/537-crf-ipl/study-3
	Comment	define element
	Number	
	Title	Document/Dataset 1
	Element	m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings
	File	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/537-crf-ipl/study-3/filename-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Document/Dataset 2
364	Element	m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings
	File	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/537-crf-ipl/study-3/filename-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Document/Dataset 3
365	Element	m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings
	File	m5/53-clin-stud-rep/537-crf-ipl/study-3/filename-3.pdf
	Comment	

	Number	5.4
		Literature References
	Element	m5-4-literature-references
	Directory	m5/54-lit-ref
	Comment	Copies of literature references should ordinarily be submitted as individual files (i.e,. one for each reference).
	Number	
	Title	Reference 1
367	Element	m5-4-literature-references
	File	m5/54-lit-ref/reference-1.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Reference 2
368	Element	m5-4-literature-references
	File	m5/54-lit-ref/reference-2.pdf
	Comment	
	Number	
	Title	Reference 3
	Element	m5-4-literature-references
	File	m5/54-lit-ref/ <i>reference-3.pdf</i>
	Comment	

	Number	
	Title	
370	Element	
	Directory	util
	Comment	utilities
	Number	
	Title	
	Element	
371	Directory	util/dtd
		DTDs/Schemas – it is not necessary to include regional DTDs/Schemas other than the one for the region to which the application is being
	Comment	made.
		File names in rows 372 - 379 are illustrative only. Please consult regional guidance for the current name and version of the files.
	Number	
	Title	
372	Element	
	File	util/dtd/ich-ectd-n.dtd
	Comment	DTD for the instance – the version used to create the eCTD submission must be included. "n" denotes the specific version (e.g., 3-2).
	Number	
	Title	
373	Element	
	File	util/dtd/eu-regional-n.dtd
	Comment	DTD for the EU specific documentation. "n" denotes the specific version (e.g., 1-1).
	Number	
	Title	
374	Element	
	File	util/dtd/jp-regional-n.xsd
_	Comment	Schema for the Japan specific documentation. "n" denotes the specific version (e.g., 1-0).
	Number	
	Title	
	Element	
	File	util/dtd/us-regional-n.dtd
	Comment	DTD for the US specific documentation. "n" denotes the specific version (e.g., 1-0).

	Number	
	Title	
276	Element	
376	File	util/dtd/xx-regional-n.dtd
	Comment	DTD for the xx specific documentation, where xx is a two character country code from ISO-3166-1. "n" denotes the specific version (e.g., 1-0).
	Number	
	Title	
377	Element	
	Directory	util/style
	Comment	Directory for style sheets – ICH and regional stylesheets
	Number	
	Title	
378	Element	
376	File	util/style/ectd-n.xsl
	Comment	The specific version of the eCTD stylesheet used by the applicant as a reference during the creation of the submission should be included. "n" denotes the specific version (e.g., 1-0).
	Number	
	Title	
379	Element	
319	File	util/style/xx-regional-n.xsl
	Comment	Stylesheet for the xx specific documentation, where xx is a two character country code from ISO-3166-1. "n" denotes the specific version (e.g., 1-0).

Appendix 5: Region Specific Information Including Transmission and Receipt

Introduction

This section describes region specific information for content that is not explicitly included in the Common Technical Document and logistical details appropriate for the transmission and receipt of submissions using the electronic Common Technical Document.

Region Specific Information: Module 1

This module contains administrative information that is unique for each region. There will be local requirements for both the content and electronic component of module 1. The eCTD backbone was developed to enable the transfer of the regional information included in a regulatory dossier.

Regional guidance will provide the specific instructions on how to provide the administrative forms and detailed prescribing information. Please refer to this information and appendix 6 when preparing module 1. Module 1 includes all administrative documents (e.g., forms and certifications) and labeling, including the documents described in regional guidance.

Not all regionally specific documents are included in module 1. Technical reports required for a specific region should be placed in modules 2 to 5. These reports should be included in the module most appropriate for the content of the information provided.

Each region provides specific guidance on the format and content of the regional requirements of each module. Table 5-1 provides contact information for each region.

Table 5-1

Region	Internet Address	Electronic Mail Contact	
European Union	http://www.emea.europa.eu	esubmission@emea.europa.eu	
Food And Drug Administration,	www.fda.gov/cber	esubprep@fda.hhs.gov	
USA	www.fda.gov/cder	esub@fda.hhs.gov	
		_	
Ministry of Health, Labour and	http://www.mhlw.go.jp	ectd@pmda.go.jp	
Welfare, Japan	http://www.pmda.go.jp		
Health Canada	http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca	ereview@hc-sc.gc.ca	

Submission Addresses

Submissions should be sent directly to the appropriate regulatory authority. Information on how to send submissions to each regulatory authority can be found at the reference location in Table 5-2.

Table 5-2

Regulatory Authority	Reference location
EMEA, European Union	http://www.emea.europa.eu
or national agencies	http://www.hma.eu/
Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare, Japan	http://www.mhlw.go.jp
	http://www.pmda.go.jp
Food and Drug Administration, United States of	http://www.fda.gov/
America	
Health Canada, Health Protection Branch, Canada	http://www.hc-sc.gc.ca

Media

Refer to regional guidance for appropriate media types.

Cover Letter

Applicants should provide a cover letter as a PDF file (e.g., cover.pdf). A paper cover letter should also be included with non-electronic portions of the submission (such as forms with signatures or seals, and certifications). The cover letter should include:

- A description of the submission including appropriate regulatory information.
- A listing of the sections of the submission filed as paper, electronic, or both paper and electronic.
- A description of the electronic submission including type and number of electronic media, approximate size of the submission, and if appropriate, characteristics concerning the media (e.g., format used for DLT tapes) based on regional guidance.
- A statement that the submission is virus free with a description of the software used to check the files for viruses.
- The regulatory and information technology points of contact for the submission.

Transport

Secure data exchange over the Internet is the recommended means for transporting submissions. However, until the regulatory authorities can develop secure electronic gateways, submissions should continue to be physically transported by courier or registered mail.

Security

An MD5 checksum should be included for each physical file in the eCTD. The checksum enables the recipient to verify the integrity of each of the content files in the submission. Each leaf of the XML eCTD instance contains the location and calculated checksum of each of the files.

A checksum of the XML eCTD instance should also be included. Applicants should name this checksum file index-md5.txt and include it as a file in the same directory as the XML eCTD instance. Applicants should print the contents of the index-md5.txt file and include the paper copy with the paper cover letter for the submission. A separate file containing the checksum of the regional index file is unnecessary as that file (and its MD5 checksum) is referenced by a leaf element in the index.xml file.

An applicant can provide the eCTD as an encrypted file in accordance with the ICH M2 Recommendation 4.1, if the regulatory body has implemented it. This solution enables the eCTD to be encrypted and transferred over the Internet (if Internet receipt is implemented regionally) or to be encrypted on one of the approved physical media standards. The purpose of encryption is to protect the privacy of the confidential information and to ensure it is only available to the authorized receiver. Encryption is always appropriate when the eCTD is sent via the Internet.

Encryption is not considered necessary if the information is sent using a physical media, although encryption is an option. The applicant should assume all liability for the media until it is delivered to the regulatory authority.

Applicants should not include any file level security settings or password protection for individual files in the eCTD. Applicants should allow printing, changes to the document, selecting text and graphics, and adding or changing notes and form fields. Internal security and access control processes in the regulatory authority should maintain the integrity of the submitted files.

Receipt

Upon arrival at the regulatory authority, the submission is archived according to local regulations. A readonly copy of the submission is then made available to the review community in the regulatory authority. This is typically done by placing the copy on a network server.

Acknowledgment

Each regulatory authority should acknowledge the receipt of the eCTD submission according to the policy and procedure of the individual regulatory authority. Applicants should use the address in Table 5-1 to find guidance regarding acknowledgments.

Appendix 6: The eCTD XML Submission

Background

Many factors have influenced the design of the eCTD. Factors that have had a significant impact on the design are listed below:

- The submissions should accommodate full regulatory dossiers, supplements, amendments, and variations.
- The submissions should be able to accommodate regional requirements that are represented in regional guidance documents, regulations, and statutes.
- The technology should be extensible so that as technology changes, the new electronic solutions
 can be accommodated.

The eCTD is designed around the concept of a backbone. The backbone is similar to a container that holds pointers (called leaf elements) to the files that are part of the submission. The backbone is based on an XML Document Type Definition (DTD). There is a close relationship between the documents defined in the CTD and the elements defined in the eCTD DTD. The leaf elements in the backbone will provide the navigation links to the various files and information that make up the submission.

The file that is produced based on the XML eCTD DTD is the eCTD XML instance or XML backbone. The XML backbone allows more than one leaf element to point to the same physical file. This should be done with caution since managing the life cycle of that file can be more difficult for the regulatory authority if there is more than one pointer to the file.

File Names and Directory Structure

Recipients of the eCTD should be able to directly navigate through the submission at the folder and file level (i.e., without benefit of a customized end user application.) The structure of the eCTD and instructions for how to create folder names facilitate this type of navigation.

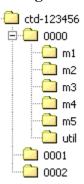
In order to preserve the navigational linkages that can be present in the documents contained in the eCTD, the directory structure will be preserved by the agencies. The navigational links should be relative links within a module.

Specific folder and file names have been defined in appendix 4. The top level of the directory structure will vary by region. The identification of the top-level folder uniquely identifies the application in a region. Consult regional guidance for specific requirements on top-level folder naming conventions. The original submission and subsequent amendments and variations should use the same top-level folder name. Submissions should be differentiated by a subfolder named according to the sequence number of the submission in that region. For all regions, sequence numbers should be unique within the overall application. For Japanese submissions, sequential numbering is required. For all other regions, it is preferred, but not required. Table 6-1 and Figure 6-1 illustrate this naming convention.

Table 6-1

Example top level folder name	Sequence number	Type of submission
ctd-123456	0000	Original Submission
ctd-123456	0001	First amendment, supplement or variation
ctd-123456	0002	Second amendment, supplement or variation
ctd-123456	Nnnn	Nth amendment, supplement or variation

Figure 6-1



You should submit the XML backbone as a single file named *index.xml*, which should be placed in the submission sequence number folder for that submission. In the example shown in Figure 6-1, there should be an *index.xml* file in folder "0000", folder "0001" and folder "0002". The MD5 checksum file, *index-md5.txt*, should be in each folder with the corresponding *index.xml* file. The DTD for *index.xml* should be in the "util" folder for each submission.

The regional administrative XML backbone file should be in the region specific module 1 folder for each submission. For each sequence, the operation attribute of the leaf element referencing this file is always 'new'. A separate file containing the checksum of the regional index file is unnecessary as that file (and its MD5 checksum) is referenced by the index.xml file. The DTD for the regional XML backbone file should be in the util folder for each submission.

Table 6-2 presents the file locations for the example in Figure 6-1.

Table 6-2

Submission Folder	Files
ctd-123456/0000	index.xml
	index-md5.txt
ctd-123456/0000/m1/us	us-regional.xml
ctd-123456/0000/util/dtd	ich-ectd-3-x.dtd
	us-regional-vx-x.dtd
ctd-123456/0001	index.xml
	index-md5.txt
ctd-123456/0001/m1/us	us-regional.xml
ctd-123456/0001/util/dtd	ich-ectd-3-x.dtd
	us-regional-vx-x.dtd
ctd-123456/0002	index.xml
	index-md5.txt
ctd-123456/0002/m1/us	us-regional.xml
ctd-123456/0002/util/dtd	ich-ectd-3-x.dtd
	us-regional-vx-x.dtd

Life Cycle Management

It is important for the recipients of an eCTD to be able to establish the location of the submission in the life cycle of a product.

The eCTD is capable of containing initial submissions, supplements, amendments, and variations. There are no uniform definitions for these terms in the three regions, but amendments and supplements are terms used in the United States. Variations apply in Europe. The variations, supplements, and amendments are used to provide additional information to an original regulatory dossier. For example, if a new manufacturer for the drug substance were being proposed, this would result in submission of an amendment or supplement to the FDA and a variation to Europe. When regulatory authorities request additional information, the information is also provided as a variation, supplement, or amendment to the original submission. Therefore, the regulatory agencies need a way to manage the life cycle of the submission. This function will be provided by each regulatory authority in the form of guidance that can include regional DTDs and specifications. The relevant regional DTD should be referenced in the eCTD DTD by the applicant.

The eCTD DTD provides some facilities for life cycle management at the leaf element level but does not fully support the life cycle at the submission level. When revisions are sent to a regulatory authority, the new leaf element should be submitted in the same location in the backbone as the leaf element being appended, replaced or deleted. The "modified-file" attribute of the leaf element should contain the leaf ID of the leaf being appended, replaced, or deleted. This will allow the regulatory authority to accurately locate the original leaf and update the original leaf's status. A detailed description of modified-file is provided in the next section.

Operation Attribute

The operation attribute is a key to managing each individual leaf element in a submission. The applicant uses the operation attribute to tell the regulatory authority how the applicant intends the leaf elements in the submission to be used. The operation attribute describes the relation between leaf elements in subsequent submissions during the life cycle of a medicinal product. In the very first submission all the leaf elements would typically be new. In the second, third, and subsequent submissions, all the newly submitted leaf elements can have different operation attributes due to having or not having a relation with previously submitted leaf elements. Table 6-3 describes the meaning of each allowed value of the operation attribute.

Table 6-3: Understanding the Operation Attribute

Operation attribute		What the reviewer might see when using the Agency review software	
value	Meaning	This leaf	Previous leaf
New	The leaf element has no relationship with leaf elements submitted previously. It is acceptable for multiple leaf elements in a single eCTD element to have the operation attribute of new, either in the same sequence or during the life cycle of the application.	Current	
Append	This means there is an existing leaf element to which this new leaf element should be associated. (e.g., providing missing or new information to that leaf element). It is recommended that append not be used to associate two leaf elements in the same submission (e.g., splitting a file due to size restrictions). However, use of append could be appropriate when leaf elements which normally would be submitted with the append relationship are provided in the same sequence (e.g., a document and its amendment). Consult with the regulatory authority before using append to associate two leaf elements in the same sequence.	Current	Current - Appended
Replace	This means there is an existing leaf element that this	Current	Replaced

Operation attribute		What the reviewer might see when using the Agency review software	
value	Meaning	This leaf	Previous leaf
	new leaf element replaces.		
Delete	There is no new file submitted in this case. Instead, the leaf element has the operation of "delete" and the "modified-file" attribute identifies the leaf element in a previous submission that is to be considered no longer relevant to the review. As there is no file being submitted, the checksum attribute value will be empty i.e., double quotation marks with no entry between ("").		No longer relevant to the review

The purpose of the modified-file attribute is to provide the location of a leaf element that is being modified (i.e. replaced, appended or deleted) by the subsequent leaf element. The modified-file attribute should have a value when the operation attribute has a value of *append*, *replace* or *delete*. The modified-file attribute points to the "index.xml" file and the leaf ID of the leaf element being altered. The modified-file attribute can only target a single leaf element. Furthermore, once a leaf element has been replaced or deleted by another leaf element, it is no longer current and can no longer be targeted by any subsequent leaf elements through the modified-file attribute.

An example of a modified-file attribute value is provided below:

modified-file="../0001/index.xml#a1234567"

This would provide the information needed to locate the file with the leaf element ID assigned as "a1234567" and provided in the sequence folder numbered "0001".

If a modified-file attribute is presented with no value (i.e. no characters or spaces between the quotation marks, modified-file="") it will be the same as not including the attribute in the leaf element.

The following case examples show the use of each of the operation attribute values. These examples do not cover all possible situations. Consult the appropriate regulatory authority if you have specific questions about the use of the operation attribute. When actually populating the XML instance, use the leaf ID to refer to files.

Case 1 – The first submission of a dossier.

Table 6-4

Submission sequence #	File name	Operation	File Being Modified	Sample logical display in a review tool
0000	0000\\structure.pdf	New		structure.pdf (current)

Case 2 – Two submissions. Submission 0000 is the first submission of a dossier. Submission 0001 is a subsequent amendment or variation in which the applicant intends to completely replace the structure.pdf file in submission 0000. The intent is to keep the original structure.pdf for historical purposes but to consider only the contents of the 0001\...\structure2.pdf as relevant to the review. These two submissions could be described as follows:

- Submission 0000 is the first submission of the file structure.pdf, and this file is the current version of this file.
- Submission 0001, which is submitted at a later time, is the submission of the file structure2.pdf, which is now current and replaces the file structure.pdf in submission 0000.

There is no requirement to preserve file names during life cycle changes; in fact, logical differences in file names can be helpful during review when both files are open simultaneously for comparative or other purposes.

Table 6-5

Submission	File name	Operation	File Being Modified	Sample logical display
sequence #				in a review tool
0000	0000\\structure.pdf	New		structure.pdf (current)
0001	0001\\structure2.pdf	Replace	0000\\structure.pdf	structure.pdf (replaced)
				structure2.pdf (current)

Case 3 – Two submissions. Submission 0000 is the first submission of a dossier. Submission 0001 is an amendment or variation where the applicant intends to add new information to the original structure.pdf file, which was submitted in submission 0000. The intent is to have the reviewer consider the contents of both files relevant to the submission. These two submissions could be described as follows:

- Submission 0000 is the first submission of the file structure.pdf, and this file is the current version of this file.
- Submission 0001, submitted at a later time, is the submission of the file structure2.pdf, which is the current file but contains information that should be appended to file structure.pdf in submission 0000. Both files should be considered relevant to the review of the dossier.

There is no requirement to preserve file names during life cycle changes; in fact, logical differences in file names can be helpful during review when both files are open simultaneously for comparative or other purposes.

Table 6-6

Submission	File name	Operation	File Being Modified	Sample logical display
sequence #				in a review tool
0000	0000\\structure.pdf	New		structure.pdf (current)
0001	0001\\structure2.pdf	Append	0000\\structure.pdf	structure.pdf (current - appended)
				structure2.pdf (current)

Case 4 – Two submissions. Submission 0000 is the first submission of a dossier. Submission 0001 is an amendment or variation where the applicant intends to delete a file in the previous submission. The intent is to have the reviewer disregard the contents of the original file, possibly because it should not have been submitted with the original dossier. These two submissions could be described as follows:

- Submission 0000 is the first submission of the file structure.pdf and this file is the current version of this file.
- Submission 0001, submitted at a later time, requests that the file structure.pdf in submission 0000 be deleted and no longer considered relevant to the review of the dossier.

Table 6-7

Submission	File name	Operation	0	Sample logical display in
sequence #			Modified	a review tool
0000	0000\\structure.pdf	New		structure.pdf (current)
0001		Delete	0000\\structure.pdf	structure.pdf (no longer
				relevant to the review)

File Reuse

It is important to the successful utilization of the eCTD to clearly understand the differences between a file and a leaf element. When reviewing an eCTD sequence, either through the stylesheet or an eCTD viewing tool, the presentation of the organization of the content files is based on the organization of the leaf elements in the index.xml files. The underlying file and folder structure is not critical to the view of the organization of the files referenced in the XML backbone. This aspect of the eCTD provides users the ability to provide a file once and display it in multiple locations of the eCTD by providing multiple leaf

elements referencing that file. Users of the eCTD Specification are encouraged to provide files once in a sequence and provide as many leaf elements referencing that file as necessary. The location of the file is not critical and should only be included once in an appropriate place in the folder structure. Suppliers of eCTD viewing tools are encouraged to develop a visual way of displaying when this occurs so reviewers can readily identify files which are referenced multiple times.

This capability can also be extended across sequences and even applications as long as the location of the file is accurately cited in the xlink:href attribute for the leaf element referencing that file. Suppliers of eCTD viewing tools are encouraged to develop a visual way of displaying the difference between a leaf element referring to a file in the current sequence and a leaf element referring to a file in a previous sequence. In these situations, validation checks for the presence of files referenced by the XML backbone should allow for the xlink:href to refer to files in other sequences and not prevent viewing of the eCTD by another applicant/regulator. Users of the eCTD Specification should consult with the regulatory authority before referencing content across sequences and/or applications.

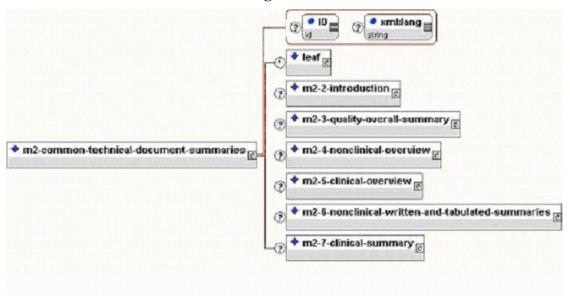
DTD Content Model

The content model of the eCTD is derived from the organization of the Common Technical Document. The graphic representation of a portion of the content model is shown below. The content model is hierarchical starting at the "ectd" and going down to a specific item to be included in the submission.

Figure 6-2

Figure 6-3 shows how the section of the CTD containing summaries is structured.

Figure 6-3



Once the appropriate element has been selected (e.g., Figure 6-4), you should use the <leaf> element and attributes (Figure 6-5) to specify a file in the submission. See "eCTD Element/Attribute Instructions" in this appendix for details.

Figure 6-4

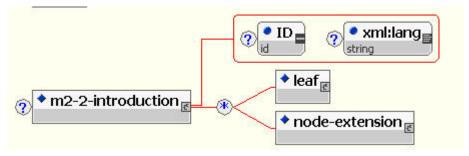
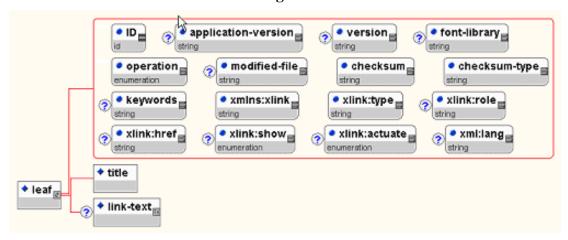


Figure 6-5



eCTD Element/Attribute Instructions

The eCTD consists of 5 primary modules:

- m1-administrative-information-and-prescribing-information
- m2-common-technical-document-summaries
- m3-quality
- m4-nonclinical-study-reports
- m5-clinical-study-reports

Each of the 5 modules is divided into one or more elements, each with a distinct element identifier that represents a CTD table of contents location. The steps should be completed as shown in the following example, where all files are submitted for modules 1 through 5:

- 1. Select an element that best corresponds to the CTD table of contents location for a document or file being submitted. For example, select the element <m2-7-3-summary-of-clinical-efficacy> to submit the summary of clinical efficacy document.
- 2. Specify any additional element attribute as appropriate; in this example, specify the 'indication' attribute to identify the subject of the efficacy summary in 2.7.3.
- 3. Create a child <leaf> element within the <m2-7-3-summary-of-clinical-efficacy> element.
- 4. Provide the relative location and file name of the actual file in the "xlink:href" attribute for the leaf element.
- 5. Provide a descriptive and concise title for the file in the <title> element of the leaf element.
- 6. Provide information for the appropriate attributes of the leaf element as described in Table 6-8.

Table 6-8 describes each of these elements and attributes in further detail.

Table 6-8

Element	Attribute	Description/Instructions	Example
Any table of		A table of contents element	
contents		represents a grouping of one or more	
element such		files related to a specific section of	
as <m2-4-< td=""><td></td><td>the Common Technical Document. A</td><td></td></m2-4-<>		the Common Technical Document. A	
nonclinical-		number of TOC elements can be	
overview>		further defined by the use of	
		attributes. The eCTD DTD defines	
		the following attributes at various	
		places in the eCTD: substance,	
		manufacturer, product-name,	
		indication, excipient, dosage-form	
		(e.g., 2.3.S and 3.2.S have two 'free	
		text' attributes: substance and	
		manufacturer; 5.3.5 has the	
		additional 'free text' attribute,	
		indication). To be consistent with the	
		CTD General Q&A, values for these	
		attributes should be included where	
		specified as is appropriate. There is	
		currently no standard terminology list	
		for any of these attributes and	
		applicants should carefully choose	
		the text of these attributes as they can	
		not be easily changed during the life	
		cycle of the application.	
		One or more child <leaf> elements</leaf>	
		can be declared for a parent table of	
		contents element.	
		It is possible to extend a table of	
		contents element by providing a	
		<node-extension> element. Node</node-extension>	
		extensions should only be added at	
		the lowest level of the defined table	
		of contents elements. Using node	
		extensions is discouraged and should	
		be done only when unavoidable.	
		Please refer to regional guidance	
		before using node extensions. See	
		the section "Instructions for	
		extending XML eCTD DTD	
		elements" in this appendix (Example	
		6-5).	
	ID	A unique identifier for this location	id403 (note: At this level, ID is optional)
	متا	in the XML instance.	id+05 (note. At this level, 1D is optional)
	umliles s		an an
	xml:lang	The primary language used by the files in this entire section of the	en
		submission. Use ISO-639 standard	
1		language abbreviations	

reference the item from another item within the XML document. An XML ID value begins with an alphabetic character or underscore. If an applicant is using an internal ID generator that uses only numbers, appending this generated number to a leading alphabetic character or underscore will create a valid ID value. checksum The checksum value for the file being submitted. checksum-type modified-file The purpose of the modified-file attribute is to provide the location of the leaf that is being modified (i.e. replaced, appended or deleted) by the leaf element. The modified-file attribute should have a value when the operation attribute points to the "index.xml" file and the leaf ID of the leaf being altered. operation Indicates the action to be performed. You should select one of the following valid values: • new • replace • append • delete See the section Operation Attribute in this appendix for details on the meaning of these values. version The file submitter's internal version V23.5	
applicationversion This is the version of the file format produced by the software application that was used to create this file. The ID attribute is intended to be a unique reference within the submission that can be used to reference the item from another item within the XML document. An XML ID value begins with an alphabetic character or underscore. If an applicant is using an internal ID generator that uses only numbers, appending this generated number to a leading alphabetic character or underscore will create a valid ID value. checksum The checksum value for the file being submitted. checksum-type modified-file attribute is to provide the location of the leaf that is being modified (i.e. replaced, appended or deleted) by the leaf element. The modified-file attribute should have a value when the operation attribute has a value of append, replace or delete. The modified-file attribute points to the "index.xml" file and the leaf ID of the leaf being altered. operation Indicates the action to be performed. You should select one of the following valid values: • new • replace • append • delete See the section Operation Attribute in this appendix for details on the meaning of these values. Version The file submitter's internal version V23.5	
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version The file submitter's internal version V23.5	
number or version identification for	
the file.	
xlink:actuate Reserved for Future Use	

Element	Attribute	Description/Instructions	Example
	xlink:href	Provides the reference to the actual	0000/m2/27-clin-sum/literature-
		content file. You should use the	references.pdf
		relative path to the file and the file	
		name. The content file does not need	
		to be in the same sequence as the leaf	
		element that refers to it.	
	xlink:role	Reserved for Future Use	
	xlink:show	Reserved for Future Use	
	xlink:type	Fixed value of "simple"	simple
	keywords	Reserved for Future Use	
<title></td><td></td><td>As part of the leaf element, this</td><td>Study Report 1234</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>element contains a practical name for</td><td>NOTE: Leaf titles should be concise;</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>the file being referenced by the leaf.</td><td>1024 bytes (512 characters) are proposed</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>as the maximum length</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>ID</td><td>Unique identifier for this location in</td><td>a1234567</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>the XML instance. Leaf ID starts</td><td>NOTE 1: See the XML-ID</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>with an alphabetic character or</td><td>recommendations on the W3C website for</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td>underscore.</td><td>info on the composition of this attribute</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>value (http://www.w3.org/TR/xml-</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>id/#processing)</td></tr><tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>NOTE 2: At this level, ID is optional</td></tr><tr><td>k-text></td><td></td><td>Reserved for Future Use</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><xref></td><td></td><td>Reserved for Future Use</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table></title>			

Example 6-1: Instructions for a Simple New Submission⁷

The following XML fragment demonstrates the submission of a clinical overview of efficacy as a single PDF document.

This submission includes the file "clinical-overview.pdf" in the relative directory "m2/25-clin-over/" (i.e. the one starting below the dossier number directory). The file is "new" and has a descriptive name of "Clinical Overview"

The regional review application should treat this as a new submission to be associated with the submission identified in CTD module 1, which is region specific.

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⁷ Note that these XML examples are examples only and do not necessarily contain all of the elements and attributes that you should use when preparing an eCTD submission.

If this is the first submission for Dossier CTD 123456, all the files in this submission would typically be in the ctd-123456\0000 directory and below.

Example 6-2: Instructions for an Amendment, Supplement, or Variation

In the previous example, a clinical overview was submitted. In this example, it is replaced by an updated version.

To replace a file, add the replacement <leaf> element under the same element as the original file. If this is the second submission for Dossier CTD 123456, all the files in this submission would typically be in the ctd-123456\0001 directory and below.

Example 6-3: Instructions for Multiple Indications

Multiple therapeutic indications use an additional attribute associated with the <m2-7-3-summary-of-clinical-efficacy> and the <m5-3-5-reports-of-efficacy-and-safety-studies> elements to allow multiple indications to be submitted. There is currently no standard terminology list for 'indication'. Applicants should choose these attributes carefully as they can not be easily changed during the life cycle of the application. The only way this can be accomplished currently is to delete all the leaf elements with the incorrect attribute value and provide new leaf elements for those files with the modified attribute value. Applicants should consult with the regional authority before attempting to modify these attributes to discuss the appropriateness of, and approach to be taken for, this type of change. The following table shows the use of these attributes.

Element	Attribute	Description/Instructions	Example
<m2-7-3-summary-of-clinical-efficacy></m2-7-3-summary-of-clinical-efficacy>	indication	Name of the indication	Pain
<m5-3-5-reports-of-efficacy-and-safety- studies></m5-3-5-reports-of-efficacy-and-safety- 	indication	Name of the indication.	Pain

Note that the indication attribute is used by the regulatory authority to apply to all the table of contents elements beneath the <m2-7-3-summary-of-clinical-efficacy> and <m5-3-5-reports-of-efficacy-and-safety-studies> elements. The following example expands on the instance showing the submission of information about two indications (pain and nausea).

```
<?xml version = "1.0" encoding = "UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE ectd:ectd SYSTEM "util/dtd/ich-ectd-3-x.dtd">
<?xml-stylesheet type="text/xsl" href="util/style/ectd-2-1-x.xsl"?>
```

```
<ectd:ectd xmlns:ectd = "http://www.ich.org/ectd" xmlns:xlink = "http://www.w3c.org/1999/xlink">
    <m2-common-technical-document-summaries>
         <m2-7-clinical-summary>
         <m2-7-3-summary-of-clinical-efficacy indication = "pain">
              <leaf ID="s123456"operation = "new" xlink:type = "simple" checksum-type="md5" checksum =</pre>
              "5aa5c0e630a700af869e4c72535fc922" xlink:href = "m2/27-clin-sum/summary-clin-efficacy-
              pain.pdf">
                   <title>pain efficacy summary</title>
              </leaf>
         </m2-7-3-summary-of-clinical-efficacy>
         <m2-7-3-summary-of-clinical-efficacy indication = "nausea">
              <leaf ID="a123457" operation = "new" xlink:type = "simple" checksum-type="md5" checksum =</pre>
              "bde4d34dc80678a266352daf450c3962" xlink:href = "m2/27-clin-summ/summary-clin-efficacy-
              nausea.pdf">
                   <title>nausea efficacy summary</title>
         </m2-7-3-summary-of-clinical-efficacy>
         </m2-7-clinical-summary>
    </m2-common-technical-document-summaries>
    <m5-clinical-study-reports>
         <m5-3-clinical-study-reports>
         <m5-3-5-reports-of-efficacy-and-safety-studies indication = "pain">
              <m5-3-5-1-study-reports-of-controlled-clinical-studies-pertinent-to-the-claimed-indication>
                   <leaf ID="a123458" operation = "new" xlink:type = "simple" checksum-type="md5" checksum =</pre>
                        "a4529c4a257f07f8a0ec591dde854578" xlink:href = "m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-eff-safety-
                       stud/pain/pain-sr1.pdf">
                        <title>pain study report 1</title>
                   </leaf>
              </m5-3-5-1-study-reports-of-controlled-clinical-studies-pertinent-to-the-claimed-indication>
         </m5-3-5-reports-of-efficacy-and-safety-studies>
         <m5-3-5-reports-of-efficacy-and-safety-studies indication = "nausea">
              <m5-3-5-1-study-reports-of-controlled-clinical-studies-pertinent-to-the-claimed-indication>
                   <leaf ID="a123459" operation = "new" xlink:type = "simple" checksum-type="md5" checksum =
                        "c5c39f594b2070a57bea66e58860efcf" xlink:href = "m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-eff-safety-
                       stud/nausea/nausea-sr15.pdf" >
                       <title>nausea study report 15</title>
                   </leaf>
                   <leaf ID = "a123460" operation = "new" xlink:type = "simple" checksum-type = "md5" checksum</li>
                       = "15faf198015f3599acabb7755c2d6b0c" xlink:href = "m5/53-clin-stud-rep/535-rep-eff-
                       safety-stud/nausea/5351-stud-rep-contr/xyz0015/nausea-sr15.pdf">
                            <title>nausea study report 15</title>
                   </leaf>
              </m5-3-5-1-study-reports-of-controlled-clinical-studies-pertinent-to-the-claimed-indication>
         </m5-3-5-reports-of-efficacy-and-safety-studies>
         </m5-3-clinical-study-reports>
    </m5-clinical-study-reports>
</ectd:ectd>
```

Example 6-4: Instructions for Multiple Drug Substances, Manufacturers, and Products

Multiple drug substances use additional attributes associated with the <m3-2-s-drug-substance> element to allow unique combinations of the drug substance name and manufacturer to be submitted. There are currently no standard terminology lists for these attributes. Applicants should choose these attributes carefully as they can not be easily changed during the life cycle of the application. The only way this can be accomplished currently is to delete all the leaf elements with the incorrect attribute value and provide new leaf elements for those files with the modified attribute value. Applicants should consult with the regional authority before attempting to modify these attributes to discuss the appropriateness of, and approach to be taken for, this type of change. The following table shows the use of these attributes in 3.2.S.

Table 6-10

Element Attribute		Description/Instructions	Example
<m3-2-s-drug-substance></m3-2-s-drug-substance>	substance	Name of one of the drug substances	Acetaminophen
	manufacturer	Name of the manufacturer of the drug substance	My Supplier

Example 6-4A:

This is an example of a section of the instance showing the submission of information about two drug substances (acetominophen and codeine), one of which is supplied by two manufacturers:

```
<m3-2-body-of-data>
         <m3-2-s-drug-substance substance = "Acetaminophen" manufacturer = "My Supplier">
                  <leaf ID="a123456" operation = "new" xlink:type = "simple" checksum-type="md5" checksum =</pre>
                  "b002e4544c02361fe54be926ae777012" xlink:href = "m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-
                  sub/acetaminophen-my-supplier/acetaminophen.pdf">
                            <title>Acetaminophen - My Supplier Data</title>
                  </leaf>
         </m3-2-s-drug-substance>
         <m3-2-s-drug-substance substance = "Acetaminophen" manufacturer = "Bulk Company 2">
                  <leaf ID="a123457" operation = "new" xlink:type = "simple" checksum-type="md5" checksum =</pre>
                  "0000cdfa05b1e995f88057150414a783" xlink:href = "m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-
                  sub/acetaminophen-bulk-company-2/acetaminophen2.pdf">
                            <title>Acetaminophen - bulk company 2 data</title>
                  </leaf>
         </m3-2-s-drug-substance>
         <m3-2-s-drug-substance substance = "Codeine" manufacturer = "Drug company 2">
                  <leaf ID="a123458" operation = "new" xlink:type = "simple" checksum-type="md5" checksum =</pre>
                  "f555a3234f65623fe54be926ee435354" xlink:href = "m3/32-body-data/32s-drug-sub/codeine-
                  drug-company-2/codeine-quality-data.pdf">
                            <title>codeine - drug company 2 data</title>
                  </leaf>
         </m3-2-s-drug-substance>
</m3-2-body-of-data>
```

Multiple drug products use additional attributes associated with the <m3-2-p-drug-product> element to allow unique combinations of the drug product name and dosage form to be submitted. Applicants should choose these attributes carefully as they can not be easily changed during the life cycle of the application. The only way this can be accomplished currently is to delete all the leaf elements with the incorrect attribute value and provide new leaf elements for those files with the modified attribute value. Applicants should consult with the regional authority before attempting to modify these attributes to discuss the appropriateness of, and approach to be taken for, this type of change. The following table shows the use of these attributes in 3.2.P.

Table 6-11

Element	Attribute	Description/Instructions	Example
<m3-2-p-drug-product></m3-2-p-drug-product>	product-name	Name of one of the drug products	Wonder drug
	dosageform	Dosage form	Capsule
	manufacturer	Manufacturer of the drug product	Company A

Example 6-4B

This is an example of a section of the instance showing the submission of information about two drug products (a capsule and a tablet):

Example 6-5: Instructions for Extending XML eCTD DTD Elements

An applicant can extend the definition of an element by creating node extensions beneath a defined table of contents element. Using node extensions is discouraged and should be done only when unavoidable. Please refer to regional guidance before using node extensions. The child element <node-extension> should be used for each new table of contents node created. The <title> element value is inherited from the parent element. You should only extend the lowest level of defined elements. For example you can extend the <m2-3-r-regional-information> element but not the <m2-3-quality-overall-summary> element since the latter is not the lowest element defined in the table of contents.

The following is an example of a section of an eCTD instance in which the applicant extends the <m2-3-r-regional-information> to provide specific regional information as requested by a regulatory authority. The title element associated with the <node-extension> describes the extension. Alternatively, the regional information in this example could have been provided as a <leaf> element under the <m2-3-r-regional-information> element without the use of a "node extension".

To update a file that has been submitted as an extended node, you should submit the replacement file using exactly the same element and "node extension" information, including the <title> element for the <node-extension>. This makes it possible for the regulatory authority to locate the original file and update its status.

Example 6-6: Instructions for Submitting Sections as Paper

During the transition to fully electronic submissions of the CTD, some regions will accept that some sections can be submitted as paper only. Please refer to regional guidance. These sections should be identified in the XML eCTD instance by including a PDF file in the instance that describes the content and location of the paper section. For example, the PDF file might consist of only one page with the name of the CTD document and the physical volume number and tab identifier. The <title> element in the XML eCTD instance could indicate that this is a paper submission.

This is an example of the instance showing the submission of a paper efficacy overview document.

Appendix 7: Specification for Submission Formats

Introduction

This appendix describes the way files should be constructed for inclusion in the eCTD. This section includes file formats that are commonly used in electronic submissions. Other formats can be used according to guidance published in each region.

PDF

Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) is a published format created by Adobe Systems Incorporated (http://www.adobe.com). It is not necessary to use a product from Adobe or from any specific company to produce PDF documents. PDF is accepted as a standard for documents defined in this specification. The following recommendations support the creation of PDF files that agencies can review effectively. For any specification of the Japanese version of Adobe Acrobat, or where Japanese characters will be in the file, please refer to the regional guidance.

To ensure that PDF files can be accessed efficiently, PDF files should be no larger than 100 megabytes. Optimize PDF files for fast web view.

Version

All ICH Regional Health Authorities are able to read and have agreed to accept PDF files saved as PDF version 1.4. Agencies should not need any additional software to read and navigate the PDF files. PDF/A-1 (an ISO standard - ISO 19005-1:2005) is an archive format and does not meet the ICH review needs for use with an eCTD. Please consult regional guidance to submit other versions of PDF.

Fonts

PDF viewing software automatically substitutes a font to display text if the font used to create the text is unavailable on the reviewer's computer. Font substitution can affect a document's appearance and structure, and, in some cases, the information conveyed by a document. Agencies cannot guarantee the availability of any fonts except Times New Roman, Arial, and Courier and fonts supported in the Acrobat product set itself. Therefore, all additional fonts used in the PDF files should be embedded to ensure that those fonts would always be available to the reviewer. When embedding fonts, all characters for the font should be embedded, not just a subset of the fonts being used in the document

Embedding fonts requires additional computer storage space. Three techniques to help limit the storage space taken by embedding fonts include:

- Limiting the number of fonts used in each document
- Using only True Type or Adobe Type 1 fonts
- Avoiding customized fonts

Japanese fonts (2-byte fonts) are larger than Roman fonts (1-byte fonts), therefore, the specification allows a subset to be embedded for all Japanese fonts. The purpose of embedding fonts to is to enable the receiver of the document to use a personal computer to display and print the document correctly without having the same fonts installed in the computer. Therefore, it is not necessary to embed all Japanese fonts. Embedding a subset of Japanese fonts should work satisfactorily.

Definition of Subset

A subset means to embed only those characters used in the document. Embedding a full-set means all characters that comprise the font are embedded, even characters that are not used in the document. All two-byte fonts such as Japanese should be embedded as a sub-set.

Notes on Embedding Japanese Fonts:

The following should be considered when embedding fonts:

Advantages:

- Embedding fonts allows the PDF file to be correctly displayed and printed on any receiving PC environment.
- The computer does not need the original fonts installed.

Disadvantages:

- The file size increases when fonts are embedded.
- When document contains many pages, this can make the document slower to print.
- Many eCTD documents contain a large number of pages. Printing time in such cases becomes a concern.
- When using Japanese fonts, rules of operation should be established between the sender and receiver. (See regional guidance)
- The use of popular fonts only would allow the sender and receiver to view and print the document correctly without embedding fonts.

Font Size

Resizing a document because the contents are too small to read is inefficient. Times New Roman, 12-point font, the font used for this document, is adequate in size for narrative text and should be used whenever possible. It is sometimes tempting to use fonts which are smaller than 12 point in tables and charts but this should be avoided whenever possible. When choosing a font size for tables, a balance should be sought between providing sufficient information on a single page to facilitate data comparisons for the reviewer while maintaining a font size that remains legible. The corollary of this is that in using larger font size, more tables might be necessary, which can complicate data comparisons since data might now be included in separate tables. Generally, Times New Roman font sizes 9-10 or an equivalent size of other recommended fonts are considered acceptable in tables but smaller font sizes should be avoided.

Use of Color Fonts

The use of a black font color is recommended. Blue can be used for hypertext links. Light colors that do not print well on grayscale printers should be avoided. Color reproduction can be tested prior to submission by printing sample pages from the document using a gray scale printer. The use of background shadowing should be avoided.

Page Orientation

Pages should be properly oriented so that all portrait pages are presented in portrait and all landscape pages are presented in landscape. To achieve this, the page orientation of landscape pages should be set to landscape prior to saving the PDF document in final form.

Page Size and Margins

The print area for pages should fit on a sheet of A4 (210 x 297 mm) and Letter (8.5" x 11") paper. A sufficient margin (at least 2.5 cm) on the left side of each page should be provided to avoid obscuring information if the reviewer subsequently prints and binds the pages for temporary use. For pages in landscape orientation (typically tables and publications), smaller margins (at least 2.0 cm at the top and 0.8 cm left and right) allow more information to be displayed legibly on the page (see Fonts). Header and footer information can appear within these margins but should not appear so close to the page edge to risk being lost upon printing.

Headers and Footers

The M4 Granularity document specifies that all pages of a document should include a unique header or footer that briefly identifies its subject matter. With the eCTD there is a significant amount of metadata

available to the reviewer to allow easy identification of the document but it is still appropriate to have a unique identifier on each page (header or footer) of the document (e.g., when the document is printed or multiple documents are viewed on screen at the same time). The unique identifier does not necessarily have to contain the CTD section identifier or other metadata. It should be sufficient to identify the general subject matter of the document (e.g., study identifier, batch number).

Source of Electronic Document

PDF documents produced by scanning paper documents are usually inferior to those produced from an electronic source document. Scanned documents saved as image files are more difficult to read and do not allow reviewers to search or copy and paste text for editing. Scanning should be avoided where possible.

Methods for Creating PDF Documents and Images

The method used for creating PDF documents should produce the best replication of a paper document. To ensure that the paper and PDF version of the document are the same, the document should be printed from the PDF version. Documents that are available only in paper should be scanned at resolutions that will ensure the pages are legible both on the computer screen and when printed. At the same time, the file size should be limited. It is recommended that scanning be undertaken at a resolution of 300 dots per inch (dpi) to balance legibility and file size. The use of grayscale or color is discouraged because of file size. After scanning, resampling to a lower resolution should be avoided.

When creating PDF files containing images, the images should not be downsampled. Downsampling does not preserve all of the pixels in the original. For PDF images, one of the following lossless compression techniques should be used:

- For lossless compression of color and grayscale images, use Zip/Flate (one technique with two names). This is specified in Internet RFC 1950 and RFC 1951 (http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1950.txt).
- For lossless compression of black and white images, use the CCITT Group 4 Fax compression technique. It is specified as CCITT recommendations T.6 (1988) Facsimile coding schemes and coding control functions for Group 4 facsimile apparatus.

Paper documents containing hand-written notes should be scanned at a resolution of at least 300 dpi. Hand-written notes should be done in black ink for clarity. Higher resolution is specifically requested when scanning documents containing non-Western characters (e.g. Kanji); 600 dpi is recommended.

For photographs, the image should be obtained with a resolution of 600 dpi. If black and white photos are submitted, 8-bit grayscale images should be considered. If color photos are submitted, 24-bit RGB images should be considered. A captured image should not be subjected to non-uniform scaling (i.e., sizing).

Gels and karyotypes should be scanned directly, rather than from photographs. Scanning should be at 600 dpi and 8-bit grayscale depth.

Plotter output graphics should be scanned or captured digitally at 300 dpi.

High-pressure liquid chromatography or similar images should be scanned at 300 dpi. Applicants should validate the quality of the renditions.

Hypertext Linking and Bookmarks

Hypertext links and bookmarks improve navigation through PDF documents. Hypertext links can be designated by rectangles using thin lines or by blue text as appropriate.

In general, for documents with a table of contents, bookmarks for each item listed in the table of contents should be provided including all tables, figures, publications, other references, and appendices. Bookmarks should follow hierarchical level and order of table of contents. These bookmarks are essential for the efficient navigation through documents. The bookmark hierarchy should be identical to the table of contents with no additional bookmark levels beyond those present in the table of contents. Each additional

level increases the need for space to read the bookmarks. The use of no more than 4 levels in the hierarchy is recommended.

Hypertext links throughout the document to support annotations, related sections, references, appendices, tables, or figures that are not located on the same page are helpful and improve navigation efficiency. Relative paths should be used when creating hypertext links to minimize the loss of hyperlink functionality when folders are moved between disk drives. Absolute links that reference specific drives and root directories will no longer work once the submission is loaded onto the Agency's network servers.

When creating bookmarks and hyperlinks, the magnification setting *Inherit Zoom* should be used so that the destination page displays at the same magnification level that the reviewer is using for the rest of the document.

Insufficient experience is available across agencies to provide any formal guidance on whether bookmarks should be presented expanded or collapsed. It might not be considered appropriate to have all the bookmarks open since, in some instances, these can be so numerous that they are not useful to the review and can affect 'refresh' time in a web-browser. Equally, it is probably not useful to have the bookmarks fully closed, since the reviewer would always have to open them. It is recommended, therefore, that the applicant consider the usefulness to the reviewers of how to present bookmarks and have some level of consistency across similar document types within the submission.

Page Numbering

Only the internal page numbers of the document are expected (1-n). No additional page/volume numbers running across documents are expected. It is easier to navigate through an electronic document if the page numbers for the document and the PDF file are the same. To accomplish this, the first page of the document should be numbered page 1, and all subsequent pages (including appendices and attachments) should be numbered consecutively with Arabic numerals. Roman numerals should not be used to number pages (e.g., title pages, tables of contents) and pages should not be left unnumbered (e.g., title page.) Numbering in this manner keeps the Acrobat numbering in synchrony with the internal document page numbers.

The only exception should be where a document is split because of its size (e.g., >100 MB); the second or subsequent file should be numbered consecutively to that of the first or preceding file.

Document Information Fields

Recommendations for the document information fields will be provided in the regional guidance for the specific submission type.

Open Dialog Box

The open dialog box sets the document view when the file is opened. The initial view of the PDF files should be set as *Bookmarks* and *Page*. If there are no bookmarks, the initial view as *Page* only should be set. The *Magnification* and *Page Layout* should be set as default.

Security

No security settings or password protection for PDF files should be included. Security fields should be set to allow printing, changes to the document, selecting text and graphics, and adding or changing notes and form fields.

Indexing PDF Documents

There are no current plans in the ICH regions to use full text indexes.

Use of Acrobat Plug-Ins

It is appropriate to use plug-ins to assist in the creation of a submission. However, the review of the submission should not call for the use of any plug-ins in addition to those provided with Adobe Acrobat because agencies will not necessarily have access to the additional plug-in functionality.

XML Files

A working group at the World Wide Web Consortium (W3C) developed XML. It is a nonproprietary language developed to improve on previous markup languages including standard generalized markup language (SGML) and hypertext markup language (HTML).

Information in an XML file is divided into specific pieces. These pieces are called objects or element types. The element type identifies the piece of information. For example, the name of the company submitting a registration application in eCTD format for review is identified with the element type <applicant>. All element type names are bracketed using the special characters <>. Inside the XML document, the element type name is placed just prior to the piece of information and after the information. This is called tagging. So, in the XML file, the applicant could be tagged as follows: <applicant>Worldwide Pharmaceuticals Inc.</applicant>. The "/" prior to the element type denotes that this is the end of the information about the applicant.

It is recognized that there is a general trend towards describing the contents of documents with XML. However, the current specification supports only the use of XML for structured information. It can be interpreted from this that the submission of summaries, reports and other narrative documents in XML format is not currently supported by the specification. Regulatory authorities and applicants could agree to use other formats regionally (including uses of the common formats in a different way from the above). Thus, if an applicant wishes to use XML for narrative documents, the applicant should contact the applicant's own regional regulatory authority, understanding that other regulatory authorities may not accept these XML files.

By using a hierarchical structure, XML allows you to relate two or more elements. This is accomplished by nesting one element within another.

Additional information about the element type is provided by attributes. Attributes are placed within the element types and are surrounded by quotation marks ("".) For example, if you wanted to show that the applicant name is presented in the English language, you could add this piece of information as an attribute. This could be represented in the XML file as <applicant XML:LANG="EN"> Worldwide Pharmaceuticals Inc.</applicant>.

XML files are read by a parser found in Internet browsers. Stylesheets provide the browser with the information to create tables, fonts, and colors for display.

The specific names of the element types and attributes as well as the valid syntax, structure and format for defining the XML elements are included in a file called document type definition (DTD). If the XML document does not follow the DTD, then the file will not be able to be used properly.

The top three lines of the XML file should include the XML version, the stylesheet type and address, and the DTD name and address.

Additional information about the XML standard can be found at the W3C Web site at www.w3.org.

SVG Files

SVG is a language for describing two-dimensional graphics in XML. SVG allows for three types of graphic objects: vector graphic shapes (e.g., paths consisting of straight lines and curves), images, and text. Graphical objects can be grouped, styled, transformed and composited into previously rendered objects. Text can be in any XML namespace suitable to the application, which enhances searchability

and accessibility of the SVG graphics. The feature set includes nested transformations, clipping paths, alpha masks, filter effects, template objects, and extensibility.

SVG drawings can be dynamic and interactive. The Document Object Model (DOM) for SVG, which includes the full XML DOM, allows for straightforward and efficient vector graphics animation via scripting. A rich set of event handlers such as onmouseover and onclick can be assigned to any SVG graphical object. Because of its compatibility and leveraging of other Web standards, features like scripting can be done on SVG elements and other XML elements from different namespaces simultaneously within the same Web page. ⁸

The specific use of SVG in a submission should be discussed with the regulatory authority.

-

⁸ This description of SVG is from w3c Web page http://www.w3.org/graphics/svg

Appendix 8: XML eCTD DTD

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!-- Changes prior to Version 1.00 captured in file
    "Historical Changes.txt
  ICH eCTD DTD
  Version 1.0 - March 6, 2002
  Version 3.0 - Sept 11, 2002
  Version 3.0 - Oct 1, 2002
  Version 3.0 - Oct 8, 2002
  Version 3.1 - Nov 11, 2003
         Version 3.2 - Nov 21, 2003
Changes in version 3.1
        ID was changed to REQUIRED in the following four locations:
                 <!ENTITY % att " ID ID #REQUIRED
       xml:lang CDATA #IMPLIED">
     <!ELEMENT leaf (title, link-text?)>
                          <!ATTLIST leaf
                                   ID ID #REQUIRED <attlist continues>
                 <!ELEMENT xref EMPTY>
                          <!ATTLIST xref
                                   ID ID #REQUIRED <attlist continues>
                 <!ELEMENT node-extension (title, (leaf | node-extension)+)>
                          <!ATTLIST node-extension
                                   ID ID #REQUIRED
                                   xml:lang CDATA #IMPLIED>
Changes in version 3.2
        Indication attribute was changed to REQUIRED in the following two locations:
                 <!ATTLIST m2-7-3-summary-of-clinical-efficacy
                 %att:
                 indication CDATA #REQUIRED
                 <!ATTLIST m5-3-5-reports-of-efficacy-and-safety-studies
                 indication CDATA #REQUIRED
        Since ID is only needed for files referenced in a LEAF, changed ID back to IMPLIED for:
                 <!ENTITY % att " ID ID #REQUIRED
                          xml:lang CDATA #IMPLIED">
                 <!ELEMENT node-extension (title, (leaf | node-extension)+)>
                 <!ATTLIST node-extension
                          ID ID #REQUIRED
                          xml:lang CDATA #IMPLIED>
End of changes
<!ENTITY % att " ID ID #IMPLIED
 xml:lang CDATA #IMPLIED">
<!-- Top-level element -->
```

```
<!ELEMENT ectd:ectd (m1-administrative-information-and-prescribing-information?, m2-common-technical-
document-summaries?, m3-quality?, m4-nonclinical-study-reports?, m5-clinical-study-reports?)>
<!ATTLIST ectd:ectd
       xmlns:ectd CDATA #FIXED "http://www.ich.org/ectd"
       xmlns:xlink CDATA #FIXED "http://www.w3c.org/1999/xlink"
       xml:lang CDATA #IMPLIED
       dtd-version CDATA #FIXED "3.2"
<!-- ==
<!-- Leaf content -->
<!ELEMENT leaf (title, link-text?)>
<!ATTLIST leaf
       ID ID #REOUIRED
       application-version CDATA #IMPLIED
       version CDATA #IMPLIED
       font-library CDATA #IMPLIED
       operation (new | append | replace | delete) #REQUIRED
       modified-file CDATA #IMPLIED
       checksum CDATA #REQUIRED
       checksum-type CDATA #REQUIRED
       keywords CDATA #IMPLIED
       xmlns:xlink CDATA #FIXED "http://www.w3c.org/1999/xlink"
       xlink:type CDATA #FIXED "simple"
       xlink:role CDATA #IMPLIED
       xlink:href CDATA #IMPLIED
       xlink:show (new | replace | embed | other | none) #IMPLIED
       xlink:actuate (onLoad | onRequest | other | none) #IMPLIED
       xml:lang CDATA #IMPLIED
<!ELEMENT title (#PCDATA)>
<!ATTLIST title
       ID ID #IMPLIED
>
<!ELEMENT link-text (#PCDATA | xref)*>
<!ATTLIST link-text
       ID ID #IMPLIED
>
<!ELEMENT xref EMPTY>
<!ATTLIST xref
       ID ID #REQUIRED
       xmlns:xlink CDATA #FIXED "http://www.w3c.org/1999/xlink"
       xlink:type CDATA #FIXED "simple"
       xlink:role CDATA #IMPLIED
       xlink:title CDATA #REQUIRED
       xlink:href CDATA #REQUIRED
       xlink:show (new | replace | embed | other | none) #IMPLIED
       xlink:actuate (onLoad | onRequest | other | none) #IMPLIED
<!ELEMENT node-extension (title, (leaf | node-extension)+)>
<!ATTLIST node-extension
       ID ID #IMPLIED
       xml:lang CDATA #IMPLIED
<!-- CTD Backbone structures -->
<!ELEMENT m1-administrative-information-and-prescribing-information (leaf*)>
<!ATTLIST m1-administrative-information-and-prescribing-information
```

```
<!ELEMENT m2-common-technical-document-summaries (leaf*, m2-2-introduction?, m2-3-quality-overall-
summary?, m2-4-nonclinical-overview?, m2-5-clinical-overview?, m2-6-nonclinical-written-and-tabulated-
summaries?, m2-7-clinical-summary?)>
<!ATTLIST m2-common-technical-document-summaries
<!ELEMENT m2-2-introduction ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-2-introduction
        %att:
<!ELEMENT m2-3-quality-overall-summary (leaf*, m2-3-introduction?, m2-3-s-drug-substance*, m2-3-p-drug-
product*, m2-3-a-appendices?, m2-3-r-regional-information?)>
<!ATTLIST m2-3-quality-overall-summary
<!ELEMENT m2-3-introduction ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-3-introduction
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m2-3-s-drug-substance ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-3-s-drug-substance
         %att:
        substance CDATA #REQUIRED
        manufacturer CDATA #REQUIRED
<!ELEMENT m2-3-p-drug-product ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-3-p-drug-product
         %att;
        product-name CDATA #IMPLIED
        dosageform CDATA #IMPLIED
        manufacturer CDATA #IMPLIED
<!ELEMENT m2-3-a-appendices ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-3-a-appendices
        %att;
<!ELEMENT m2-3-r-regional-information ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-3-r-regional-information
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m2-4-nonclinical-overview ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-4-nonclinical-overview
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m2-5-clinical-overview ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-5-clinical-overview
         %att
<!ELEMENT m2-6-nonclinical-written-and-tabulated-summaries (leaf*, m2-6-1-introduction?, m2-6-2-pharmacology-
written-summary?, m2-6-3-pharmacology-tabulated-summary?, m2-6-4-pharmacokinetics-written-summary?, m2-6-5-
pharmacokinetics-tabulated-summary?, m2-6-6-toxicology-written-summary?, m2-6-7-toxicology-tabulated-
summary?)>
<!ATTLIST m2-6-nonclinical-written-and-tabulated-summaries
<!ELEMENT m2-6-1-introduction ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-6-1-introduction
<!ELEMENT m2-6-2-pharmacology-written-summary ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-6-2-pharmacology-written-summary
        %att;
```

```
<!ELEMENT m2-6-3-pharmacology-tabulated-summary ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-6-3-pharmacology-tabulated-summary
<!ELEMENT m2-6-4-pharmacokinetics-written-summary ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-6-4-pharmacokinetics-written-summary
<!ELEMENT m2-6-5-pharmacokinetics-tabulated-summary ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-6-5-pharmacokinetics-tabulated-summary
<!ELEMENT m2-6-6-toxicology-written-summary ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-6-6-toxicology-written-summary
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m2-6-7-toxicology-tabulated-summary ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-6-7-toxicology-tabulated-summary
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m2-7-clinical-summary (leaf*, m2-7-1-summary-of-biopharmaceutic-studies-and-associated-analytical-
methods?, m2-7-2-summary-of-clinical-pharmacology-studies?, m2-7-3-summary-of-clinical-efficacy*, m2-7-4-
summary-of-clinical-safety?, m2-7-5-literature-references?, m2-7-6-synopses-of-individual-studies?)>
<!ATTLIST m2-7-clinical-summary
         %att;
>
<!ELEMENT m2-7-1-summary-of-biopharmaceutic-studies-and-associated-analytical-methods ((leaf | node-
extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-7-1-summary-of-biopharmaceutic-studies-and-associated-analytical-methods
<!ELEMENT m2-7-2-summary-of-clinical-pharmacology-studies ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-7-2-summary-of-clinical-pharmacology-studies
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m2-7-3-summary-of-clinical-efficacy ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-7-3-summary-of-clinical-efficacy
         %att:
         indication CDATA #REQUIRED
<!ELEMENT m2-7-4-summary-of-clinical-safety ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-7-4-summary-of-clinical-safety
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m2-7-5-literature-references ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-7-5-literature-references
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m2-7-6-synopses-of-individual-studies ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m2-7-6-synopses-of-individual-studies
<!ELEMENT m3-quality (leaf*, m3-2-body-of-data?, m3-3-literature-references?)>
<!ATTLIST m3-quality
<!ELEMENT m3-2-body-of-data (leaf*, m3-2-s-drug-substance*, m3-2-p-drug-product*, m3-2-a-appendices?, m3-2-r-
regional-information?)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-body-of-data
         %att;
>
```

```
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-drug-substance (leaf*, m3-2-s-1-general-information?, m3-2-s-2-manufacture?, m3-2-s-3-
characterisation?, m3-2-s-4-control-of-drug-substance?, m3-2-s-5-reference-standards-or-materials?, m3-2-s-6-
container-closure-system?, m3-2-s-7-stability?)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-drug-substance
         %att:
         substance CDATA #REQUIRED
         manufacturer CDATA #REQUIRED
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-1-general-information (leaf*, m3-2-s-1-1-nomenclature?, m3-2-s-1-2-structure?, m3-2-s-1-3-
general-properties?)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-1-general-information
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-1-1-nomenclature ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-1-1-nomenclature
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-1-2-structure ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-1-2-structure
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-1-3-general-properties ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-1-3-general-properties
         % att:
>
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-2-manufacture (leaf*, m3-2-s-2-1-manufacturer?, m3-2-s-2-2-description-of-manufacturing-
process-and-process-controls?, m3-2-s-2-3-control-of-materials?, m3-2-s-2-4-controls-of-critical-steps-and-
intermediates?, m3-2-s-2-5-process-validation-and-or-evaluation?, m3-2-s-2-6-manufacturing-process-development?)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-2-manufacture
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-2-1-manufacturer ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-2-1-manufacturer
         % att:
>
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-2-description-of-manufacturing-process-and-process-controls ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-2-description-of-manufacturing-process-and-process-controls
>
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-2-3-control-of-materials ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-2-3-control-of-materials
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-2-4-controls-of-critical-steps-and-intermediates ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-2-4-controls-of-critical-steps-and-intermediates
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-2-5-process-validation-and-or-evaluation ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-2-5-process-validation-and-or-evaluation
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-2-6-manufacturing-process-development ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-2-6-manufacturing-process-development
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-3-characterisation (leaf*, m3-2-s-3-1-elucidation-of-structure-and-other-characteristics?, m3-2-s-
3-2-impurities?)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-3-characterisation
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-3-1-elucidation-of-structure-and-other-characteristics ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-3-1-elucidation-of-structure-and-other-characteristics
```

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%att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-3-2-impurities ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-3-2-impurities
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-4-control-of-drug-substance (leaf*, m3-2-s-4-1-specification?, m3-2-s-4-2-analytical-
procedures?, m3-2-s-4-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures?, m3-2-s-4-4-batch-analyses?, m3-2-s-4-5-justification-of-
specification?)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-4-control-of-drug-substance
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-4-1-specification ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-4-1-specification
         % att:
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-4-2-analytical-procedures ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-4-2-analytical-procedures
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-4-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-4-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-4-4-batch-analyses ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-4-4-batch-analyses
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-4-5-justification-of-specification ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-4-5-justification-of-specification
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-5-reference-standards-or-materials ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-5-reference-standards-or-materials
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-6-container-closure-system ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-6-container-closure-system
         % att:
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-7-stability (leaf*, m3-2-s-7-1-stability-summary-and-conclusions?, m3-2-s-7-2-post-approval-
stability-protocol-and-stability-commitment?, m3-2-s-7-3-stability-data?)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-7-stability
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-7-1-stability-summary-and-conclusions ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-7-1-stability-summary-and-conclusions
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-7-2-post-approval-stability-protocol-and-stability-commitment ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-7-2-post-approval-stability-protocol-and-stability-commitment
<!ELEMENT m3-2-s-7-3-stability-data ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-s-7-3-stability-data
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-drug-product (leaf*, m3-2-p-1-description-and-composition-of-the-drug-product?, m3-2-p-2-
pharmaceutical-development?, m3-2-p-3-manufacture?, m3-2-p-4-control-of-excipients*, m3-2-p-5-control-of-drug-
product?, m3-2-p-6-reference-standards-or-materials?, m3-2-p-7-container-closure-system?, m3-2-p-8-stability?)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-drug-product
         %att;
```

```
product-name CDATA #IMPLIED
         dosageform CDATA #IMPLIED
         manufacturer CDATA #IMPLIED
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-1-description-and-composition-of-the-drug-product ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-1-description-and-composition-of-the-drug-product
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-2-pharmaceutical-development ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-2-pharmaceutical-development
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-3-manufacture (leaf*, m3-2-p-3-1-manufacturers?, m3-2-p-3-2-batch-formula?, m3-2-p-3-3-
description-of-manufacturing-process-and-process-controls?, m3-2-p-3-4-controls-of-critical-steps-and-intermediates?,
m3-2-p-3-5-process-validation-and-or-evaluation?)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-3-manufacture
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-3-1-manufacturers ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-3-1-manufacturers
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-3-2-batch-formula ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-3-2-batch-formula
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-3-3-description-of-manufacturing-process-and-process-controls ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-3-3-description-of-manufacturing-process-and-process-controls
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-3-4-controls-of-critical-steps-and-intermediates ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-3-4-controls-of-critical-steps-and-intermediates
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-3-5-process-validation-and-or-evaluation ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-3-5-process-validation-and-or-evaluation
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-4-control-of-excipients (leaf*, m3-2-p-4-1-specifications?, m3-2-p-4-2-analytical-procedures?,
m3-2-p-4-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures?, m3-2-p-4-4-justification-of-specifications?, m3-2-p-4-5-excipients-
of-human-or-animal-origin?, m3-2-p-4-6-novel-excipients?)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-4-control-of-excipients
         excipient CDATA #IMPLIED
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-4-1-specifications ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-4-1-specifications
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-4-2-analytical-procedures ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-4-2-analytical-procedures
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-4-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-4-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-4-4-justification-of-specifications ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-4-4-justification-of-specifications
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-4-5-excipients-of-human-or-animal-origin ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
```

```
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-4-5-excipients-of-human-or-animal-origin
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-4-6-novel-excipients ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-4-6-novel-excipients
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-5-control-of-drug-product (leaf*, m3-2-p-5-1-specifications?, m3-2-p-5-2-analytical-
procedures?, m3-2-p-5-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures?, m3-2-p-5-4-batch-analyses?, m3-2-p-5-5-
characterisation-of-impurities?, m3-2-p-5-6-justification-of-specifications?)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-5-control-of-drug-product
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-5-1-specifications ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-5-1-specifications
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-5-2-analytical-procedures ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-5-2-analytical-procedures
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-5-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-5-3-validation-of-analytical-procedures
         %att:
>
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-5-4-batch-analyses ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-5-4-batch-analyses
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-5-5-characterisation-of-impurities ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-5-5-characterisation-of-impurities
>
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-5-6-justification-of-specifications ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-5-6-justification-of-specifications
         %att;
>
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-6-reference-standards-or-materials ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-6-reference-standards-or-materials
>
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-7-container-closure-system ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-7-container-closure-system
>
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-8-stability (leaf*, m3-2-p-8-1-stability-summary-and-conclusion?, m3-2-p-8-2-post-approval-
stability-protocol-and-stability-commitment?, m3-2-p-8-3-stability-data?)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-8-stability
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-8-1-stability-summary-and-conclusion ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-8-1-stability-summary-and-conclusion
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-8-2-post-approval-stability-protocol-and-stability-commitment ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-8-2-post-approval-stability-protocol-and-stability-commitment
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-p-8-3-stability-data ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-p-8-3-stability-data
         %att;
>
```

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<!ELEMENT m3-2-a-appendices (leaf*, m3-2-a-1-facilities-and-equipment*, m3-2-a-2-adventitious-agents-safety-
evaluation*, m3-2-a-3-excipients?)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-a-appendices
<!ELEMENT m3-2-a-1-facilities-and-equipment ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-a-1-facilities-and-equipment
         manufacturer CDATA #IMPLIED
        substance CDATA #IMPLIED
        dosageform CDATA #IMPLIED
        product-name CDATA #IMPLIED
<!ELEMENT m3-2-a-2-adventitious-agents-safety-evaluation ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-a-2-adventitious-agents-safety-evaluation
         manufacturer CDATA #IMPLIED
         substance CDATA #IMPLIED
        dosageform CDATA #IMPLIED
        product-name CDATA #IMPLIED
<!ELEMENT m3-2-a-3-excipients ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-a-3-excipients
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-2-r-regional-information ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-2-r-regional-information
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m3-3-literature-references ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m3-3-literature-references
>
<!ELEMENT m4-nonclinical-study-reports (leaf*, m4-2-study-reports?, m4-3-literature-references?)>
<!ATTLIST m4-nonclinical-study-reports
>
<!ELEMENT m4-2-study-reports (leaf*, m4-2-1-pharmacology?, m4-2-2-pharmacokinetics?, m4-2-3-toxicology?)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-study-reports
         %att:
>
<!ELEMENT m4-2-1-pharmacology (leaf*, m4-2-1-1-primary-pharmacodynamics?, m4-2-1-2-secondary-
pharmacodynamics?, m4-2-1-3-safety-pharmacology?, m4-2-1-4-pharmacodynamic-drug-interactions?)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-1-pharmacology
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m4-2-1-1-primary-pharmacodynamics ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-1-1-primary-pharmacodynamics
        %att;
<!ELEMENT m4-2-1-2-secondary-pharmacodynamics ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-1-2-secondary-pharmacodynamics
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m4-2-1-3-safety-pharmacology ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-1-3-safety-pharmacology
        %att;
<!ELEMENT m4-2-1-4-pharmacodynamic-drug-interactions ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-1-4-pharmacodynamic-drug-interactions
         %att;
>
```

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<!ELEMENT m4-2-2-pharmacokinetics (leaf*, m4-2-2-1-analytical-methods-and-validation-reports?, m4-2-2-2-
absorption?, m4-2-2-3-distribution?, m4-2-2-4-metabolism?, m4-2-2-5-excretion?, m4-2-2-6-pharmacokinetic-drug-
interactions?, m4-2-2-7-other-pharmacokinetic-studies?)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-2-pharmacokinetics
<!ELEMENT m4-2-2-1-analytical-methods-and-validation-reports ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-2-1-analytical-methods-and-validation-reports
<!ELEMENT m4-2-2-absorption ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-2-absorption
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m4-2-2-3-distribution ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-2-3-distribution
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m4-2-2-4-metabolism ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-2-4-metabolism
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m4-2-2-5-excretion ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-2-5-excretion
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m4-2-2-6-pharmacokinetic-drug-interactions ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-2-6-pharmacokinetic-drug-interactions
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m4-2-2-7-other-pharmacokinetic-studies ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-2-7-other-pharmacokinetic-studies
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-toxicology (leaf*, m4-2-3-1-single-dose-toxicity?, m4-2-3-2-repeat-dose-toxicity?, m4-2-3-3-
genotoxicity?, m4-2-3-4-carcinogenicity?, m4-2-3-5-reproductive-and-developmental-toxicity?, m4-2-3-6-local-
tolerance?, m4-2-3-7-other-toxicity-studies?)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-toxicology
         % att:
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-1-single-dose-toxicity ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-1-single-dose-toxicity
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-2-repeat-dose-toxicity ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-2-repeat-dose-toxicity
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-3-genotoxicity (leaf*, m4-2-3-3-1-in-vitro?, m4-2-3-3-2-in-vivo?)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-3-genotoxicity
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-3-1-in-vitro ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-3-1-in-vitro
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-3-2-in-vivo ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-3-2-in-vivo
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-4-carcinogenicity (leaf*, m4-2-3-4-1-long-term-studies?, m4-2-3-4-2-short-or-medium-term-
studies?, m4-2-3-4-3-other-studies?)>
```

```
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-4-carcinogenicity
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-4-1-long-term-studies ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-4-1-long-term-studies
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-4-2-short-or-medium-term-studies ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-4-2-short-or-medium-term-studies
         %att;
>
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-4-3-other-studies ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-4-3-other-studies
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-5-reproductive-and-developmental-toxicity (leaf*, m4-2-3-5-1-fertility-and-early-embryonic-
development?, m4-2-3-5-2-embryo-fetal-development?, m4-2-3-5-3-prenatal-and-postnatal-development-including-
maternal-function?, m4-2-3-5-4-studies-in-which-the-offspring-juvenile-animals-are-dosed-and-or-further-evaluated?)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-5-reproductive-and-developmental-toxicity
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-5-1-fertility-and-early-embryonic-development ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-5-1-fertility-and-early-embryonic-development
         % att:
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-5-2-embryo-fetal-development ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-5-2-embryo-fetal-development
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-5-3-prenatal-and-postnatal-development-including-maternal-function ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-5-3-prenatal-and-postnatal-development-including-maternal-function
>
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-5-4-studies-in-which-the-offspring-juvenile-animals-are-dosed-and-or-further-evaluated ((leaf |
node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-5-4-studies-in-which-the-offspring-juvenile-animals-are-dosed-and-or-further-evaluated
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-6-local-tolerance ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-6-local-tolerance
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-7-other-toxicity-studies (leaf*, m4-2-3-7-1-antigenicity?, m4-2-3-7-2-immunotoxicity?, m4-2-3-
7-3-mechanistic-studies?, m4-2-3-7-4-dependence?, m4-2-3-7-5-metabolites?, m4-2-3-7-6-impurities?, m4-2-3-7-7-
other?)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-7-other-toxicity-studies
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-7-1-antigenicity ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-7-1-antigenicity
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-7-2-immunotoxicity ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-7-2-immunotoxicity
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-7-3-mechanistic-studies ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-7-3-mechanistic-studies
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-7-4-dependence ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-7-4-dependence
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%att:
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-7-5-metabolites ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-7-5-metabolites
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-7-6-impurities ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-7-6-impurities
<!ELEMENT m4-2-3-7-7-other ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-2-3-7-7-other
         %att
<!ELEMENT m4-3-literature-references ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m4-3-literature-references
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m5-clinical-study-reports (leaf*, m5-2-tabular-listing-of-all-clinical-studies?, m5-3-clinical-study-
reports?, m5-4-literature-references?)>
<!ATTLIST m5-clinical-study-reports
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m5-2-tabular-listing-of-all-clinical-studies ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-2-tabular-listing-of-all-clinical-studies
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m5-3-clinical-study-reports (leaf*, m5-3-1-reports-of-biopharmaceutic-studies?, m5-3-2-reports-of-
studies-pertinent-to-pharmacokinetics-using-human-biomaterials?, m5-3-3-reports-of-human-pharmacokinetics-pk-
studies?, m5-3-4-reports-of-human-pharmacodynamics-pd-studies?, m5-3-5-reports-of-efficacy-and-safety-studies*,
m5-3-6-reports-of-postmarketing-experience?, m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings?)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-clinical-study-reports
         %att;
>
<!ELEMENT m5-3-1-reports-of-biopharmaceutic-studies (leaf*, m5-3-1-1-bioavailability-study-reports?, m5-3-1-2-
comparative-ba-and-bioequivalence-study-reports?, m5-3-1-3-in-vitro-in-vivo-correlation-study-reports?, m5-3-1-4-
reports-of-bioanalytical-and-analytical-methods-for-human-studies?)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-1-reports-of-biopharmaceutic-studies
<!ELEMENT m5-3-1-1-bioavailability-study-reports ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-1-1-bioavailability-study-reports
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m5-3-1-2-comparative-ba-and-bioequivalence-study-reports ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-1-2-comparative-ba-and-bioequivalence-study-reports
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m5-3-1-3-in-vitro-in-vivo-correlation-study-reports ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-1-3-in-vitro-in-vivo-correlation-study-reports
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m5-3-1-4-reports-of-bioanalytical-and-analytical-methods-for-human-studies ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-1-4-reports-of-bioanalytical-and-analytical-methods-for-human-studies
         %att:
<!ELEMENT m5-3-2-reports-of-studies-pertinent-to-pharmacokinetics-using-human-biomaterials (leaf*, m5-3-2-1-
plasma-protein-binding-study-reports?, m5-3-2-2-reports-of-hepatic-metabolism-and-drug-interaction-studies?, m5-3-
2-3-reports-of-studies-using-other-human-biomaterials?)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-2-reports-of-studies-pertinent-to-pharmacokinetics-using-human-biomaterials
         %att:
>
```

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<!ELEMENT m5-3-2-1-plasma-protein-binding-study-reports ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-2-1-plasma-protein-binding-study-reports
<!ELEMENT m5-3-2-2-reports-of-hepatic-metabolism-and-drug-interaction-studies ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-2-2-reports-of-hepatic-metabolism-and-drug-interaction-studies
<!ELEMENT m5-3-2-3-reports-of-studies-using-other-human-biomaterials ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-2-3-reports-of-studies-using-other-human-biomaterials
<!ELEMENT m5-3-3-reports-of-human-pharmacokinetics-pk-studies (leaf*, m5-3-3-1-healthy-subject-pk-and-initial-
tolerability-study-reports?, m5-3-3-2-patient-pk-and-initial-tolerability-study-reports?, m5-3-3-3-intrinsic-factor-pk-
study-reports?, m5-3-3-4-extrinsic-factor-pk-study-reports?, m5-3-3-5-population-pk-study-reports?)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-3-reports-of-human-pharmacokinetics-pk-studies
<!ELEMENT m5-3-3-1-healthy-subject-pk-and-initial-tolerability-study-reports ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-3-1-healthy-subject-pk-and-initial-tolerability-study-reports
<!ELEMENT m5-3-3-2-patient-pk-and-initial-tolerability-study-reports ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-3-2-patient-pk-and-initial-tolerability-study-reports
<!ELEMENT m5-3-3-intrinsic-factor-pk-study-reports ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-3-3-intrinsic-factor-pk-study-reports
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m5-3-3-4-extrinsic-factor-pk-study-reports ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-3-4-extrinsic-factor-pk-study-reports
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m5-3-3-5-population-pk-study-reports ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-3-5-population-pk-study-reports
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m5-3-4-reports-of-human-pharmacodynamics-pd-studies (leaf*, m5-3-4-1-healthy-subject-pd-and-pk-
pd-study-reports?, m5-3-4-2-patient-pd-and-pk-pd-study-reports?)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-4-reports-of-human-pharmacodynamics-pd-studies
<!ELEMENT m5-3-4-1-healthy-subject-pd-and-pk-pd-study-reports ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-4-1-healthy-subject-pd-and-pk-pd-study-reports
<!ELEMENT m5-3-4-2-patient-pd-and-pk-pd-study-reports ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-4-2-patient-pd-and-pk-pd-study-reports
<!ELEMENT m5-3-5-reports-of-efficacy-and-safety-studies (leaf*, m5-3-5-1-study-reports-of-controlled-clinical-
studies-pertinent-to-the-claimed-indication?, m5-3-5-2-study-reports-of-uncontrolled-clinical-studies?, m5-3-5-3-
reports-of-analyses-of-data-from-more-than-one-study?, m5-3-5-4-other-study-reports?)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-5-reports-of-efficacy-and-safety-studies
         indication CDATA #REQUIRED
<!ELEMENT m5-3-5-1-study-reports-of-controlled-clinical-studies-pertinent-to-the-claimed-indication ((leaf | node-
extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-5-1-study-reports-of-controlled-clinical-studies-pertinent-to-the-claimed-indication
         %att:
```

```
<!ELEMENT m5-3-5-2-study-reports-of-uncontrolled-clinical-studies ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-5-2-study-reports-of-uncontrolled-clinical-studies
<!ELEMENT m5-3-5-3-reports-of-analyses-of-data-from-more-than-one-study ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-5-3-reports-of-analyses-of-data-from-more-than-one-study
<!ELEMENT m5-3-5-4-other-study-reports ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-5-4-other-study-reports
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m5-3-6-reports-of-postmarketing-experience ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-6-reports-of-postmarketing-experience
         %att;
<!ELEMENT m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-3-7-case-report-forms-and-individual-patient-listings
         % att;
<!ELEMENT m5-4-literature-references ((leaf | node-extension)*)>
<!ATTLIST m5-4-literature-references
         %att;
```

Number	Category	Validation Criterion	Type of check	Lifecycle needed? 'YES' (Y) *	Comments
A.1	ICH DTD	The specified filename is used	P/F		File is named ich-ectd-3-2.dtd
A.2	ICH DTD	The file is placed in the correct folder	P/F		In the folder /XXXX/util/dtd
A.3	ICH DTD	A currently acceptable version of the DTD is used (checksum matches the published value)	P/F		Currently acceptable versions are described in the current ICH eCTD Specification. (The checksum for the DTD in eCTD v3.2 (ich-ectd-3-2.dtd) is 1d6f631cc6b6357f0f4fe378e5f79a27)
B.1	ICH stylesheet	The specified filename is used	P/F		File is named ectd-2-0.xsl
B.2	ICH stylesheet	The file is placed in the correct folder	P/F		In the folder /XXXX/util/style
В.3	ICH stylesheet	The checksum for the stylesheet used must match the published checksum for the stylesheet associated with the DTD used for the sequence	P/F		For example, the checksum corresponding to the stylesheet from eCTD specification v3.2 (ectd-2-0.xsl) is 3a07a202455e954a2eb203c5bb443f77
C.1	TW M1 DTD	The specified filename is used	P/F		File is named tw-regional.dtd
C.2	TW M1 DTD	The file is placed in the correct folder	P/F		In the folder /XXXX/util/dtd
C.3	TW M1 DTD	A currently acceptable version of the DTD is used (checksum matches the published value)	P/F		Currently acceptable versions with reference to any transition guidance are described in current TW M1 Specification. The checksum for the DTD for TW m1 v1.0 shall match the published value (see webpage)
D.1	TW M1 leaf MOD file	The specified filename is used	P/F		File is named tw-leaf.mod
D.2	TW M1 leaf MOD file	The file is placed in the correct folder	P/F		In the folder /XXXX/util/dtd
D.3	TW M1 leaf MOD file	The checksum for the tw-leaf.mod file used must match the published checksum for the tw-leaf.mod file associated with the DTD used for the sequence	P/F		For example, the checksum for tw-leaf.mod from TW eCTD Module 1 v1.0 shall match the published value (see webpage)
E.1	TW M1 envelope MOD file	The specified filename is used	P/F		File is named tw-envelope.mod
E.2	TW M1 envelope MOD file	The file is placed in the correct folder	P/F		In the folder /XXXX/util/dtd
E.3	TW M1 envelope MOD file	The checksum for the tw-envelope.mod file used must match the published checksum for the tw-envelope.mod file associated with the DTD used for the sequence	P/F		For example, the checksum for t-envelope.mod from TW eCTD Module 1 v1.0 shall match the published value (see webpage)
F.1	TW M1 stylesheet	The specified filename is used	P/F		File is named tw-regional.xsl

Number	Category	Validation Criterion	Type of check	Lifecycle needed? 'YES' (Y) *	Comments
F.2	TW M1 stylesheet	The file is placed in the correct folder	P/F		In the folder /XXXX/util/style
F.3	TW M1 stylesheet	The checksum for the stylesheet used must match the published checksum for the stylesheet associated with the DTD used for the sequence	P/F		For example, the checksum for the stylesheet from TW eCTD Module 1 v1.0 shall match the published value (see webpage)
G.1	Index XML	The file is placed in the correct folder	P/F		The root folder /XXXX
G.2	Index XML	The file is named correctly	P/F		File is named index.xml
G.3	Index XML	The file is well formed	P/F		Well formed with respect to the rules of the XML specification
G.4	Index XML	The file is valid	P/F		Valid with respect to the ICH eCTD DTD file included in the util/dtd folder
G.5	Index XML	The reference to the DTD in index.xml is directed to the DTD provided in the util folder.	P/F		This is the ICH DTD in /XXXX/util/dtd, and tested for validity by rules A.1 - A.3. A valid reference means a URI - see http://www.w3.org/TR/xml/ and http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3986.txt (version 2005 page 22, section 3.3).
G.6	Index XML	The reference to the stylesheet in index.xml is directed to the stylesheet provided in the util folder.	P/F		This is the ICH stylesheet in /XXXX/util/style and tested for validity by rules B.1 - B.3. A valid reference means a URI - see http://www.w3.org/TR/xml/ and http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3986.txt (version 2005 page 22, section 3.3).
H.1	Index MD5 txt	The file is placed in the correct folder	P/F		The root folder /XXXX
H.2	Index MD5 txt	The file is named correctly	P/F		The file is named index-md5.txt
H.3	Index MD5 txt	The regenerated checksum for the index.xml matches the value in the file index-md5.txt.	P/F		
I.1	TW regional XML	The file is placed in the correct folder	P/F		The folder /XXXX/m1/tw
I.2	TW regional XML	The file is named correctly	P/F		File is named tw-regional.xml
I.3	TW regional XML	The file is well formed	P/F		Well formed with respect to the rules of the XML specification
I.4	TW regional XML	The file is valid	P/F		Valid with respect to the TW Module 1 DTD file included in the util/dtd folder.
I.5	TW regional XML	The reference to the DTD in tw-regional.xml is directed to the DTD provided in the util folder.	P/F		This is the TW Regional DTD in /XXXX/util/dtd, and tested for validity by rules C.1-C.3. A valid reference means a URI - see http://www.w3.org/TR/xml/ and http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3986.txt (version 2005 page 22, section 3.3)

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I.6	TW regional XML	Validation Criterion The reference to the stylesheet in tw-regional.xml is directed to the stylesheet provided in the util folder.	Type of check P/F	'YES' (Y) *	This is the stylesheet in /XXXX/util/style, and tested for validity by rules F.1-F.3. A valid reference means a URI - see http://www.w3.org/TR/xml/and http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3986.txt (version 2005 page 22, section 3.3
I.7	TW regional XML	The UUID is well formed according to ISO/IEC 11578:1996 and ITU-T Rec X.667 ISO/IEC 9834-8:2005	P/F		This criterion will test whether the UUID is well formed.
I.8	TW regional XML	The UUID in this incoming sequence must be identical to the one in the previous sequence.	P/F	Y	This rule checks that the UUID is correct and the sequence is being loade into the correct eCTD Application.
J.1	Submission Structure	All the lowest level heading elements in the XML (including node- extensions) included in the submission contain at least one leaf	P/F	X	
K.1	leaf attributes	The leaf attribute 'checksum-type' has a value of md5 or MD5	P/F		Note that this value is not case sensitive.
K.2	leaf attributes	The regenerated checksum for each file matches the value in the leaf attribute 'checksum'	P/F	Y	Note that if the content file is in an earlier sequence within the same eCT application then the checksum can only be regenerated if access to this fil is available.
K.3	leaf attributes	For every leaf the 'title' attribute is not empty	P/F		
K.4	leaf attributes	All leaves with an operation attribute value of new, replace or append must have a value for the cross reference (xlink:href)	P/F		The value for the cross reference (xlink:href) should be valid, and not contain any illegal characters. (Legal characters are lower case characters a-z, digits 0-9 and hyphens, as documented in the ICH eCTD specification). A valid reference means a URI - see http://www.w3.org/TR/xml/ and http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3986.txt (version 2005 page 22, section 3.3).
K.5	leaf attributes	All leaves with an operation attribute value of delete must have no value for the cross reference (xlink:href)	P/F		The attribute does not need to be included, or can be declared but with a null value.
K.6	leaf attributes	The file referenced by the cross reference (xlink:href) must exist in the same or a previously submitted sequence within the same eCTD application	P/F	Y	The link within the XML leaf element is valid, i.e. the target exists.
K.7	leaf attributes	All leaves with an operation attribute value of replace, delete or append must have a value for modified-file	P/F		
K.8	leaf attributes	All leaves with an operation attribute value of new must have no value for modified-file	P/F		The attribute does not need to be included, or can be declared but with a null value.

Number	Category	Validation Criterion	Type of check	Lifecycle needed? 'YES' (Y) *	Comments
K.9	leaf attributes	The leaf referenced by the modified file must exist in a previously submitted sequence within the same eCTD application.	P/F	Y	
K.10	leaf attributes	For all leaves (except leaves within node extensions- and leaves in module 3.2.A) with an operation attribute value of replace, delete or append, the modified file must be present in the same CTD section of the dossier.	P/F	Y	'Same CTD section' refers to the position in the table of contents. Sections are defined by the CTD and also by attributes in the eCTD. For example, applicants cannot replace content in the application form section with revised content that is being provided in the cover letter section. eCTD attributes also create applicant defined sections. For example, each 'substance' or 'manufacturer' attribute in m3-2-s-drug-substance, or 'product-name' attribute in m3-2-p-drug-product will create a new CTD section, and lifecycle between these sections is also not allowed. Due to inconsistency between tools how attributes are handled in the past, attributes in module 3.2.A should be allowed to be edited or not automatically copied. To avoid unnecessary errors these modules are exempt as well.
K.11	leaf attributes	Two leaf elements should not have the same leaf ID.	P/F		ID must be unique within each sequence.
K.12	leaf attributes	For all leaves with an operation attribute value of replace, delete or append the modified file must not have been replaced or deleted by any other leaf element in any sequence including the current one.	P/F	Y	Documents can be replaced or deleted just once. The modified file must not have been subject to another replace or delete operation in any of the available sequences.
K.BP1	leaf attributes	For all leaves within node extensions or module 3.2.A with an operation attribute value of replace, delete or append, the modified file should be present in the same node extension or attribute-defined section.	ВР	Y	The definition of 'same CTD section' is as in criterion K.10. If the node extension is not in the same section the criterion K.10 still applies.
K.BP2	ICH Attributes	ICH attributes must not contain leading or trailing spaces, nor start or end with hyphens.	BP	Y	The problem is with attributes in the XML that define re-useable sections. Hyphens or spaces at the beginning or end of a attribute name are not allowed.
L.1	Node extensions	For every node-extension the 'title' attribute is not empty	P/F		
M.1	Sequence number	The sequence folder name is a 4 digit number	P/F		i.e. numbers between 0000 and 9999
M.2	Sequence number	The sequence number (folder name) has not already been used	P/F	Y	
M.3	Sequence number	The sequence folder name matches the sequence number in each envelope in tw-regional.xml	P/F		
M 4	Sequence number	Sequence number follows correct order.	P/F	Y	

				Lifecycle	
				needed?	
Number	Category	Validation Criterion	Type of check	'YES' (Y) *	Comments
N.1	Envelope Attributes	If the submission unit type is 'initial' or 'reformat' then the related- sequence attribute must have a value equal to the current sequence.	P/F		Refer to TW m1 specification. When submitting a first submission initialising a regulatory activity or proving a reformatted application, the related sequence attribute should be populated with the same number of that current sequence.
N.2	Envelope Attributes	If the submission unit type is not equal to 'initial' or 'reformat' then the entry for related sequence must not be equal to the value for the current sequence.	P/F		Refer to TW m1 specification. When submitting additional lifecycle sequences within an ongoing regulatory activity, the related sequence attribute should be populated with the number of the sequence that started this regulatory activity.
N3	Envelope Attributes	The INN attribute is given if submission unit is 'initial'.	P/F		It is the intent to assure the INN data field is completed. It is strongly recommended to re-use the active ingredient name as of the application form. Separation of multiple names by colon.
N4	Envelope Attributes	Drug permit license need to be provided by applicants only when submission objective is 'change' or 'extension' or 'expiration'.	P/F		
N.5	Envelope Attributes	The invented name code of the envelope should be filled in for the regulatory activity.	P/F		
0.1	Files/Folders	The files provided in the folders for Module 1 are in acceptable formats	P/F		Refer to table in TW Module 1 specification: this is XML (where a specification exists), PDF, JPEG/JPG, PNG, SVG and GIF.
O.2	Files/Folders	The files provided in the folders for Module 2-5 are in acceptable formats	P/F		Refer to table in TW Module 1 specification: this is XML (where a specification exists), PDF, JPEG/JPG, PNG, SVG and GIF.
0.3	Files/Folders	Total file folder path length must not exceed 230 characters	P/F		Counting starts from the first digit of the sequence number in the sequence number folder name, and includes the filename.
O.4	Files/Folders	File names, including the extension, must not exceed 64 characters	P/F		
O.5	Files/Folders	Folder names must not exceed 64 characters	P/F		

Number	Category	Validation Criterion	Type of check	Lifecycle needed? 'YES' (Y) *	Comments
O.6	Files/Folders	Only valid characters are used in file names	P/F		Lower case characters a-z, digits 0-9 and hyphens are allowed (as documented in the ICH eCTD specification).
O.7	Files/Folders	Only valid characters are used in folder names	P/F		Lower case characters a-z, digits 0-9 and hyphens are allowed (as documented in the ICH eCTD specification).
O.8	Files/Folders	There are no unreferenced files in M1, M2, M3, M4 and M5 folders	P/F		Including all subfolders within the m1-m5 folders but excluding 'util' folder and subfolders
O.9	Files/Folders	The only files in the sequence folder (/XXXX/) are the index.xml and index-md5.txt	P/F	>//	
O.10	Files/Folders	There are no empty folders	P/F		
0.11	Files/Folders	The sections 1.1.2, 1.1.3, 1.4.1, 1.4.2 contain valid documents	P/F		
0.12	Files/Folders	The section 1.1 contains at least one valid document	P/F		
0.13	Files/Folders	The folder name of the topest folder should be the same as pre- assigned application number	P/F		
0.14	Files/Folders	Individual files do not exceed 500 MB in size	P/F		Any deviation should always be reported by the validating tool. Files larger than 500 MB should be avoided due to potential archiving issues and to make the assessment easier.
O.BP1	Files/Folders	The recommended folder structure and folder names in the ICH and TW specifications are used	BP		Any deviation, including additional subfolders, should always be reported by the validating tool. Although navigation of an eCTD is typically carried out via the XML backbone, it is also helpful if the underlying files and folders follow the ICH and TW naming guidance.

Number	Category	Validation Criterion	Type of check	Lifecycle needed? 'YES' (Y) *	Comments
O.BP2	Files/Folders	The recommended file names from the ICH and TW specifications are used for all files	BP		Any deviation should always be reported by the validating tool. Note that the components of the file names in italics in Appendix 4 of the ICH eCTD specification are to be specified by the applicant (i.e. this is variable text).
P.1	PDF Files	No PDF has been created and saved as version 1.3 or earlier	P/F		PDF 1.3 or earlier is not acceptable for technical reasons. No exceptions will be made. For example, if a literature reference is received in PDF 1.3 or earlier, then the applicant must provide it in PDF 1.4, 1.5, 1.6 or 1.7, even if this means copying the full text into a new document or even getting a paper copy and scanning it.
P.2	PDF Files	The submission does not contain corrupted files	P/F		This can be achieved by opening a PDF file in software which is compliant to ISO 32000-1; if the file opens without error, the PDF file is considered to be conformant. Absence of detection of conformance means corrupted PDF.
P.BP1	PDF Files	Files have been created and saved as PDF 1.4, 1.5, 1.6, or PDF 1.7	BP		For PDF files with apparent versions of 1.3 or earlier, the version information should be taken from the first eight characters from the first line of the header in the file. For versions 1.4 and higher, the version should be taken from the document catalogue dictionary, if present. If both the header information and the catalogue information are present, then the document catalogue dictionary information takes precedent, see PDF 32000-1:2008 specification, chapter 7.5.2 for further details. Only the PDF versions specified are recommended by ICH. This test is important due to archiving and also that PDF files can be correctly open and read by assessors.
P.BP2	PDF Files	Hyperlinks and bookmarks within documents, or between documents within the same sequence, have a valid target.	ВР		Only links that open in the same software application are tested. Other links (e.g. web links and e-mail addresses) are not considered to link to essential content and should not be tested. If this BP criterion is not met, the assessor might not be able to conveniently find the relevant documents and read the submission as intended by the applicant.

N	G-4	Villadia, Calaria	Transaction and	Lifecycle needed?	
P.BP3	PDF Files	Validation Criterion All hyperlinks and bookmarks are set to 'inherit zoom'	BP	'YES' (Y) *	Using 'inherit zoom' ensures that assessors do not need to spend time repeatedly setting the view when using the links for navigation to new documents.
P.BP4	PDF Files	PDFs must have 'Fast Web View' active	BP		The use of 'Fast Web View' helps ensure optimum performance of the review system.
P.BP5	PDF Files	PDF Document Properties for the Initial View are set for 'Page Layout = Default' and 'Magnification = Default'	BP		Setting page layout and magnification to default allows the assessor to set his/her own preferences to define how the PDF is displayed, rather than the settings being taken from each individual PDF file.
P.BP6	PDF Files	All PDF hyperlinks and bookmarks are relative	BP		Relative links and bookmarks will continue to work when the submission is copied and loaded into new a environment at the agency side. Absolute (rooted) links and bookmarks will not.
P.BP7	PDF Files	The bookmarks pane should be visible if bookmarks are included within a PDF document	BP		Fulfilling this BP criterion make it more convenient for the assessor in knowing there are bookmarks without opening the pane.
P.BP8	PDF Files	The bookmarks pane should not be visible if there are no bookmarks included within a PDF document	ВР		Fulfilling this BP criterion makes it more convenient for the assessor in knowing there are no bookmarks without opening the pane to check.
P.BP9	PDF Files	All hyperlinks and bookmarks between two PDFs must be configured as specified in ISO 32000-1:2008	ВР		Consult the PDF specifications as in ISO 32000-1:2008 for section 7.11.2.3 on how the paths need to be written in PDF. The paths cannot contain back slashes, only forward slashes. See also 12.6.4.3 for the remote goto action. The link to another PDF cannot be made with javascript code in the PDF.
					Please note, not all PDF tools display the path for the link with forward slashes. However, the presence of a backslash in a link as displayed in a PDF viewer or editor does not necessarily mean that the link is NOT according to the ISO specifications. Therefore, tests for backslashes must be performed in eCTD validation software.
	2				This BP criterion is important because links who are not according to section 7.11.2.3 may not work on certain devices, such as non-Windows operating systems or tablets.
P.BP10	PDF Files	All non standard fonts are embedded.	BP		A a non-standard font has beeen uesed and it was failed to fully embed the font. Standard fonts should be used. If non-standard fonts are used it should be fully embedded in the PDF file.

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				needed?	
Number	Category	Validation Criterion	Type of check	'YES' (Y) *	Comments
P.BP11	PDF Files	There is no security setting to open any individual file	P/F		This includes passwords, certificate security, or adobe policy server
					settings. This test should not be used to test for corrupted files.
P.BP12	PDF Files	There are no further security settings applied to any	P/F		All 'restrictions' should be 'allowed' when viewing the Document
		individual file			Preferences > Security settings. This includes any of the following
					document restrictions: printing, changing the document, document
					assembly, content copying, content copying for accessibility, page
					extraction, filling of form fields, signing, creation of template pages.

		Description of Type of check	
P/F	Pass/Fail	These are validation criteria that can either be passed or failed. eCTDs that fail to meet one or more of these criteria will be returned to the applicant for fixing and resubmission as the same sequence number.	
ВР	Best Practice	Any deviation from the criterion should always be reported by the validating tool. These are validation criteria that it is considered good practice to ensure are correct in the submitted eCTD. The applicant should make every effort to address these areas before the eCTD is submitted to the agency.	
*	'Y'-criteria	Test marked with "Y" needs the relevant former sequences for the specific criterion to be present for the result to be fully reliable. If these sequences are not present when testing, any FAIL results for these criteria should be interpreted carefully. When reporting a 'Fail' for these 'Y' criteria, validation tools should also report the specific missing sequences that are related to the 'Fail'.	